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(P R O C E E D I N G S)

THE CHAIRMAN: The Annual Meeting of the Arkansas River Compact Administration will come to order.

This is December 10, 1985. We are in Pueblo, Colorado.

The first item called for on the agenda is the introductions. I am going to ask Mr. McDonald, the chairman of the Colorado delegation, and Mr. David Pope, the chairman of the Kansas delegation, to make introduction not only of the members of the Compact Administration, but of the staffs in attendance as well.

Mr. McDonald.

MR. McDONALD: Thank you, Frank.

Starting from my far right at the front, Hal
Simpson, Deputy State Engineer. David Robbins, Special
Assistant Attorney General. Dennis Montgomery, Special
Assistant Attorney General. To my left, Carl Genova,
representing Water Districts 14 and 17.

Jim Rogers, our other commissioner representing
Water District 67, given the hour, I would guess, chose
not to come this morning. The storm apparently closed
in fairly rapidly on Lamar and as of 11:00 o'clock,
he did not intend to come up.

With us from my staff, Gene Jencsok, whom you all

met before, and also from the Attorney General's Office, Wil Bassett.

THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you, sir.

Mr. Pope.

MR. POPE: Starting from my extreme left, John
Campbell, Assistant Attorney General from the State
of Kansas. Brent Spronk, consulting engineer, working
on behalf of the State of Kansas. Richard Simms,
Special Assistant Attorney General. I am the ex officio
member representing Kansas, Chief Engineer, Division of
Water Resources. On my right, Ron Olomon, from Garden
City, and Carl Bentrup, from Deerfield, are the other
members of the Administration from Kansas.

Also with us today, on the end, Howard Corrigon, water commissioner out of Garden City for the Division of Water Resources. On his staff, Dale Jacobs. Dale Book, who works with Mr. Spronk in Spronk Water Engineers out of Denver. And Leland Rolfs, who is the legal counsel for the Division of Water Resources.

THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you.

The next item of the agenda is the "Approval of Agenda." I am going to add an item 2(b) that the notice of the meeting and the place of the meeting be brought before this meeting.

I will make some brief remarks between items 10

and 11.

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Are there any other comments about the agenda before it is adopted?

Is there any objection on the Compact Administration to the adoption of the "Tentative Agenda" to the meeting?

MR. POPE: We have none from Kansas.

THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. McDonald?

MR. McDONALD: It's fine with Colorado.

All right. The "Tentative Agenda" THE CHAIRMAN: is adopted as the agenda of the meeting.

The Compact requires the Annual Meeting of the Compact Administration to be held at Lamar, Colorado. There is now the second day of a winter storm that has engulfed the eastern plains and the front range, and for that reason, the meeting time and place have been changed to Pueblo, Colorado.

It would be somewhat of an absurdity to ask if there was someone present in the audience who objected to the place of the meeting. Those that can't make it obviously aren't here, but I think in view of the requirement of the statute which is an act of congress and of both legislatures, I would entertain a motion from one of the states, from one of the members, that the notice of this particular meeting, of its time and

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place, be approved because of the storm conditions and the extreme hazard of travel on the plains today and yesterday.

MR. McDONALD: Frank?

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.

MR. McDONALD: I would suggest that we handle that by recognizing that Article 4, Item 9, of the bylaws indeed provides that the Administration may adjourn a meeting and continue it from time to time and from place to place as it chooses, and it seems to me that that is, in effect, what we have done. We have done that on previous occasions.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, we, on other occasions, have followed that process in which a member of the Administration reputedly appeared at the appointed hour and did not find a quorum present and we rescheduled accordingly.

THE CHAIRMAN: I shan't pursue the matter further on my own.

MR. POPE: Mr. Chairman, I would concur with Bill
McDonald that it would appear to be the only viable
option to proceed with the holding of the Annual Meeting, and without great expense, and possibly no better
luck at a later time this winter. The two states'
representatives, I think, were able to agree on the time

and the place for the rescheduled meeting, and, therefore,

I would certainly be willing, if you think a motion is

in order, to so move that we proceed with the Annual

Meeting under the circumstances that has been so

stated.

THE CHAIRMAN: There is a motion. Is there a second?

MR. McDONALD: I will second it.

THE CHAIRMAN: Is Kansas ready to vote?

MR. POPE: Votes aye.

THE CHAIRMAN: Kansas votes "aye."

Colorado?

MR. McDONALD: Colorado votes aye.

THE CHAIRMAN: Colorado votes "aye."

The next item of the meeting is the "Approval of Minutes" of various meetings in 1984 and in 1985.

Which of you gentlemen wants to take that?

MR. McDONALD: Frank, I was responsible for the May of 1984 minutes. These were the minutes in which there was a substantial discussion of the winter storage program. It was ultimately concluded that the best way to reflect that discussion would be to include as an attachment to the minutes the verbatim transcript as best it could be transcribed from the tape recording of that meeting. That has been done.

For the benefit of our Kansas colleagues, you might look at the bottom of page 3. David, the very last paragraph is where we took out the previous part of the draft minutes and merely indicated that it had been concluded that a transcript would be appended and that would constitute the minutes with respect to that part of the meeting, and we have appended that transcript as best it could be done with blanks in a few places in which none of us could simply pick anything up off the tapes. Other than that, these minutes are identical to what had previously been provided.

THE CHAIRMAN: And the taped transcript is Attachment F?

MR. McDONALD: Is now an attachment. That's correct.

THE CHAIRMAN: All right. Upon motion and second
and a vote, I think I would, if the vote be favorable,
sign page 9 today, if that be the pleasure of the Compact.

Mr. Pope, is there a motion that the minutes of May 10, 1984, be approved with the understandings that have been spoken into the record by Mr. McDonald?

MR. POPE: Yes, Frank. I would be happy to move the approval of the minutes of May 10, 1984, and while we understand the fact there was difficulty with the transcript, we have looked at it, but we haven't had a chance to study it here today, we are confident that

2	certainly are willing to make that motion.
3	THE CHAIRMAN: Is there a second?
4	MR. McDONALD: Second.
5	THE CHAIRMAN: All right. Any discussion? Is
6	Colorado ready to vote?
7	MR. McDONALD: Colorado votes aye.
. 8	THE CHAIRMAN: Kansas?
9	MR. POPE: Kansas votes aye.
10	THE CHAIRMAN: I have a copy here and I am signing
11	page 9.
12	The next item is the minutes of the Annual Meeting
13	of December 10, 1984.
14	MR. POPE: Mr. Chairman, we would move the adoption
15	of the last Annual Meeting's minutes.
16	What was the date on that?
17	MR. McDONALD: December 10, 1984.
18	THE CHAIRMAN: December 10th. All right.
19	MR. BENTRUP: 11th.
20	THE CHAIRMAN: I think it was the 10th, Carl. Let
21	me look at my calendar here.
22	MR. BENTRUP: What does the date show on that?
23	MR. POPE: The date on the agenda says December
24	10th someplace.
25	MR. BENTRUP: Well, today is the 10th. It couldn'

our suggested changes are in there, and on that basis,

1	be the same. I rather think it was the llth, Frank.
2	THE CHAIRMAN: Anybody got a 1984 calendar in the
3	audience?
4	MR. McDONALD: Don't you have a copy of this?
5	MR. POPE: I thought I did, but I don't.
6	MR. BENTRUP: It was the second Tuesday in December
7	1984. I have it, but I can't read it.
8	THE CHAIRMAN: It was the year in which Easter fall:
9	on Sunday.
10	MR. POPE: It was the llth, Frank.
11	THE CHAIRMAN: It was the llth. You would amend
12	your motion, Mr. Pope?
13	MR. POPE: Yes.
14	THE CHAIRMAN: Is there a second?
15	MR. McDONALD: I will second it.
16	THE CHAIRMAN: All right. Is there any discussion?
17	Colorado ready to vote?
18	MR. McDONALD: Colorado votes aye.
19	THE CHAIRMAN: Kansas?
20	MR. POPE: Kansas votes aye.
21	THE CHAIRMAN: All right. Those minutes have been
22	approved.
23	MR. McDONALD: Frank, do we have a copy in front of
24	you to sign?
25	THE CHAIRMAN: I don't see one in front of me.

2	MR. JENCSOK: I think we should.
3	MR. McDONALD: Let's go on and then come back.
4	THE CHAIRMAN: All right. We will, in the meantime,
5	go on to the 1985 minutes of which there is stack here
6	in front of me.
7	Well, the agenda says an "Annual Meeting," which
8	isn't right, of course. There was a special meeting
9	on October 8, 1985, in Garden City, Kansas.
10	MR. BENTRUP: Wasn't there a March 28th meeting
11	also?
12	THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. But, Carl, we passed on those
13	out of sequence
14	MR. BENTRUP: That's right.
15	THE CHAIRMAN:and the roof didn't fall in, and
16	now we are filling in the others.
17	MR. POPE: Frank, I would just say for the record
18	that the transcript of that meeting was received and
19	corrections were submitted by Colorado. We added a
20	few, none of which were substantive. They were all
21	minor corrections. We are ready to take action on those.
22	THE CHAIRMAN: All right. Will you make a motion
23	then, sir?
24	MR. POPE: Yes. I would move the adoption of the
25	October 8, 1985, special meeting transcript as minutes

MR. McDONALD: Gene, do we have a copy with us?

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The 1983 Annual Report. That one has been printed

No, it has not. MR. McDONALD:

THE CHAIRMAN: It has not been printed and circulated?

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MR. McDONALD: It is going to be approved. We have

copies here to hand out.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, if copies are being handed by out, it wouldn't require any further action on me at this time, would it, other than distribution?

MR. McDONALD: Frank, we could do one of two things: It's my recollection that -- Gene, am I correct? -- the previous draft has already been circulated.

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MR. JENCSOK: It has not been. This is the first draft.

MR. McDONALD: This is the first time.

MR. POPE: Mr. Chairman, point of clarification.

Is it the '84 Annual Report we are talking about? The
'83 report has already been published, I think.

MR. JENCSOK: The '84 report.

MR. POPE: Yes. The agenda should be corrected to show '84.

THE CHAIRMAN: I think it would be easier to correct the agenda than do anything else.

Mr. McDonald or anyone: When does this go to the printer?

MR. McDONALD: I think what we had best do since we are just handing it out is see if there are any comments to be made.

And David, I would suggest, unless there are items of substance or difference, would it be appropriate to

simply have our two staffs clean up any typos or errors like that, and if it is acceptable, go ahead and take it through to final printing?

MR. POPE: Bill, I appreciate the fact that this needs to be done. We will undoubtedly be meeting as an Administration before the next Annual Meeting. Why don't we defer consideration until then and have our staffs look it over and exchange any concerns. We haven't had a chance to look at it, but just glancing through it, I was trying to recall what type of narratives we might want to include. It has been a rather active year.

THE CHAIRMAN: You are hinting that we are liable to meet before December of 1986.

MR. POPE: I have no way of knowing, but that's a possibility.

THE CHAIRMAN: That's a possibility. All right.

That certainly strikes me, Mr. McDonald, as a sensible approach to the thing. Is that satisfactory?

MR. McDONALD: Yes. David, I guess all I was trying to suggest is could we leave it that the Administration would delegate to you and me, unless our other fellow members had comments, the finalization of this? I agree you obviously need time to review it.

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Officers."

MR. POPE: Oh.

MR. McDONALD: I was not questioning that.

MR. POPE: If that's what you are suggesting--

MR. McDONALD: Within a couple months, could we leave it that the Administration would delegate to you and I the finalization of this so it could be printed?

MR. POPE: If Carl and Ron don't have any problem with Kansas, why, I am willing to do that.

MR. McDONALD: Okay. Let's do it that way then if it's acceptable.

THE CHAIRMAN: We will turn to the "Report of Officers." My remarks will come later.

Recording Secretary.

MR. McDONALD: Frank, I have the report of Leo Idler in his capacity as the recording secretary. I regret that it was just handed to me, so I don't have copies. It's a very brief one-page item. I request the opportunity to read it for the record.

THE CHAIRMAN: I would like you to read it and then we will spend a few minutes talking about Leo.

MR. McDONALD: This is the recording secretary's report dated December 10, 1985, signed by Leo Idler.

It reads as follows: "This year water was so high that it invaded the flood control part of John Martin Reservoir and had to be released through the flood

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control gates to protect the dam. There was approximately 100,000 acre-feet released to the river below the dam causing some damage to low lying land along the river The irrigation ditches in District 67 used some of this water with the major portion crossing the stateline into Kansas. The ditches in Kansas used some The rest of it went into the underground of this water. aguifer in Kansas. On November 1, 1985, there were approximately 280,000 acre-feet of water in the reservoir. With this amount of carryover water, it will probably spill next year. Both Colorado and Kansas ditches experienced a very good supply of water in 1985. Our account system seems to be working very well as shown by the ability of Kansas to store 130,081.7 acre-feet of water they could have used if they so desired. This amount lacks only 10,000 acre-feet of being half of the water that was stored in the reservoir as of November 1, Kansas carried over 34,296 acre-feet of water from 1984 to 1985. I think we should try to get our account system adjudicated through the United States Congress as was done to put the permanent pool in the reservoir. I have an uneasy feeling that in the fight brewing between Kansas and Colorado that our account system may be put in jeopardy. Respectfully submitted, Leo Idler."

That, Frank, is all I have from Leo'is his report.

THE CHAIRMAN: Are there any comments on the report?

MR. BENTRUP: We could probably, I think, take

exception to some of the comments that was made. Dave,

I wouldn't want it to be that we had approved it. It

could be in the record as Leo's personal opinions. Can

we do that?

THE CHAIRMAN: I see nothing wrong with accepting the report without endorsement by Kansas of all the matters set forth in the report.

MR. McDONALD: Frank, could I suggest that we simply acknowledge receipt of the report and have it entered into the record as Exhibit B, Exhibit A being the agenda.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, there is nothing wrong with your recommendation if it's acceptable to Kansas.

MR. BENTRUP: I think Kansas would accept the report for the record.

THE CHAIRMAN: Fine. That being so, the report will be accepted for the record as Leo's report, and that action, namely, accepting the report for the record has the approval of both states.

Now, we will go off the record, Mr. Reporter, briefly.

(Discussion off the record.)

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THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Reporter, we are back on the record.

The treasurer's report. Mr. McDonald, do you have the treasurer's report from Leo?

MR. McDONALD: Yes, Mr. Chairman, I do. Leo submits as his treasurer's report a list of checks written since July 1, 1985, through November 5th of 1985, and he shows the sum of those checks. He has not because of his hospitalization been able to prepare a balance sheet as of the last several days, but he assures me in conversations over the telephone two nights ago that the Compact has plenty of cash in the proper checking accounts and that we need not worry.

THE CHAIRMAN: What are the two biggest checks shown on that interim report, dollar amount? What are they?

MR. McDONALD: There is a single largest check and that is the certificate of deposit, a check for the certificate of deposit, check made out to the First National Bank of Lamar, and as the Administration will recall, we delegated to Leo and Carl Bentrup the decision to find a higher rate of return on an investment vehicle other than a passbook savings account at our October 8th meeting, and that is the investment which those gentlemen made.

1	THE CHAIRMAN: How much?
2	MR. BENTRUP: \$40,000.
3	MR. McDONALD: \$40,000.
4	A VOICE: American money.
5	THE CHAIRMAN: Is there anything else on there that
6	jumps off the page that's significant or interesting?
7	Otherwise, we will just pass on.
8	MR. McDONALD: Everything else is entirely in order.
9	We have made the USGS payments which are the other
10	largest items and those are per the budget.
11	THE CHAIRMAN: Roughly?
12	MR. McDONALD: \$6,225 to fund the Colorado agreement
13	and \$3,880 to fund the Kansas agreement.
14	THE CHAIRMAN: Is there any objection to filing the [ExhibitC]
15	treasurer's report with the minutes of this meeting?
16	Without objection, we will take that course.
17	The operations' secretary or the annual show and
18	tell part of the Annual Meeting. Mr. Jesse.
19	MR. JESSE: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I have a
20	copy. I don't know if you got a copy of my annual
21	report or not. I did send one to each of the other
22	Compact commissioners, and for the record, I want to
23	give you a copy of my annual report.
24	THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you, sir.
25	MR. JESSE: I would like to call your attention

to April 18th when there was some typos. They are not of any substance, but I have made the alterations by interlineation and if I can get Bill to get the Compact commissioners copies and make those same adjustments, they don't change in substance.

THE CHAIRMAN: I am, as often de the case, confused.

18. How do you find 18?

MR. JESSE: Paragraph 18.

THE CHAIRMAN: Ah. Okay. Now, we are going in Roman numerals now. Page 15, Roman numeral 18. Okay. Change of ditch and river delivery of some 3,000 acrefeet.

MR. JESSE: There was a mistake in the addition or something like that. Bill can--

THE CHAIRMAN: He made the mistake?

MR. JESSE: I am sure it must have been him. It couldn't have been me.

THE CHAIRMAN: All right.

MR. JESSE: I will try to be as brief as I can.

I have already given the commissioners a copy of the report. All of the numbers in here have been contained in varying stages in my other earlier reports to the commission during the year, and if you kept all of them, why, you will be completely up to date.

Things went pretty much as we predicted in our

spring meetings. John Martin did spill all the golf
course water in the recreation pool, over 10,000. Article
3 or other water was released. All of these amounts
are in my previous reports or contained in the report
here. I don't want to bore you with going through all
those numbers, but I can get together with any individual
after the meeting and we can go into some depth if
anyone really wants to know what happened.

The flood pool in John Martin was invaded for a short time to facilitate recovery of a drowning victim. No one drowned in the reservoir this year, fortunately. The operations of the reservoir were actually very smooth. We had excellent cooperation out of the Corps and out of everyone concerned, including Kansas. Up until now. I will qualify that.

As far as operations go, we didn't have any real problems. We do have to talk with Howard about some footnotes on some of the tables. I don't think that it's a problem at all. I think we can work that out with Howard. We do have some drafts of our proposed delivery to the stateline agreement that we are prepared to negotiate before we get done here today. I don't think there will be any trouble with that either.

When summer storage started, we had about 343,000 acre-foot in storage. The conservation limit was

reached on the 26th of May. The Corps, of course, then under their criteria, took control of the gates and began releasing the inflow. We implemented the dumping criteria and the operations' secretary then again took charge of the gates on the 26th or the 25th of June. We think there may have been some scouring of banks or may have been some minor erosion around some headgates. I don't want to contradict anyone, but I couldn't find any reports of any major damage. There was some erosion on the Buffalo. There was some around the Fort Bent, if I remember right. There wasn't anything really major. We again, this year, did not have any real major high precipitation events that would cause major damage. We just didn't have any major floods this year as we have had in the past.

John Martin evaporated a little over 49,000 acrefoot, and, of course, again, all this stuff is in your earlier reports and in my annual report. I don't want to take too much time on that right now. That's about all there is on John Martin. It was actually operated very good.

Pueblo Reservoir also reached its maximum conservation pool during the year. The spill from the joint use pool, as I mentioned in my other agreements or the earlier reports was effected before the 15th of April.

We did deliver some water to John Martin, about 3,300 acre-foot. All of the winter water was dumped to project water as the operating criteria of Pueblo called for or the operations of Pueblo called for, and that happens when the conservancy district's rights come in to priority which occurs when John Martin spills.

We were in the flood pool for two short periods. I think the Corps is going to mention that in Pueblo, during the year when you are running that close to the 7,000 foot limit at the Avondale, you get an anomaly in the inflow and you are liable to bounce up in there a little bit.

We do have a winter storage program in effect now.

We have already got about 22,000 acre-foot in storage
in Pueblo. The plan, as I understand it, is to go to
30 and then release the inflow. That will probably occur
sometime next week. The off-channel reservoirs, if the
inflow and the accretions and the Pueblo comes to pass
as we think they should, we are going to look at filling
them sometime in the middle of January, towards the first
of February. It looks like again there is a reasonable
prospect that John Martin may spill again either this
winter storage or later in the spring.

The Amity is going to John Martin now under the voluntary owner storage program in the Pueblo agreement.

The Consolidated is going to John Martin. The Fort Lyon is storing in their own receptacles. It will depend a lot on the inflow of when they will spill.

The Sutron system, gages, satellite gages everyone is interested in, we do have them in operation. There is about forty of them. I have got a printout that if anybody wants to know one of them, I can either give you the printout or have Bill tell you what it is. We do have and we did install a gage on Cheyenne Creek. It is equipped with a Sutron. I am assuming that Kansas will have access to that Sutron. We had a few of the normal start-up bugs, but actually it is operating fairly well. For a system as complicated as this is, it went very well.

And that just about concludes my report. If anybody has any question, I will answer it now if that's all right with you, Mr. Chairman.

THE CHAIRMAN: That is indeed all right. I have got several questions I would like to ask you. What is the approximate content of John Martin today, as of this time?

MR. JESSE: Okay. I will defer to Bill. What is it this morning?

MR. HOWLAND: 292,760 this morning.

MR. JESSE: What was its inflow this morning? All

you got to do is a little arithmetic there to get our projection of the spill.

MR. HOWLAND: 286 second feet.

MR. JESSE: 300 CFS and 600 acre-feet, which is about what, thirty days or so?

THE CHAIRMAN: In general language, not numbers, what is the status of the Great Plains Reservoir at this time?

MR. JESSE: They are not going through the Great
Plains now because they are working on the Fort Lyon
in their first reaches. As I understand it, their gages
are somewhat less than totally accurate. We probably
have somewhere in the neighborhood of eighty to a
hundred thousand acre-foot of vacant space. Nee Grande
is up to usable water, just barely, but I understand it
is, and there is usable water in all the Great Plains'
systems, but you are looking probably in the neighborhood
of, just rough, 100,000 acre-foot.

THE CHAIRMAN: Were they plumb full last year at any time?

MR. JESSE: All of them were except Nee Grande, and Nee Grande did fill up to usable quantities. The thing to remember is when you compare their actual contents, don't compare that to their decreased capacity because some of them have dam safety limits that are less than

their decreed capacity. That's why the 100,000 acre-foot that I am just kind of ball park guessing at.

THE CHAIRMAN: Last question, and I know it is in the report, but, in general, in the runs from John Martin last June, say, when you were running the river through John Martin, in round numbers, what are the cubic feet per second that was happening last year?

MR. JESSE: Oh, we was running in the neighborhood of 3,000, as I remember. Ain't that about right, Bill? We never got much above 3,000 at John Martin and there was no real need to, but we run quite a bit of 3,000 CFS as releasing of the inflow.

THE CHAIRMAN: I know there are a number of other persons who have questions for you.

Mr. Bentrup?

MR. BENTRUP: What is the purpose of the gage on Cheyenne Creek? What's that going to do?

MR. JESSE: We were concerned—or I was concerned—apparently, I was the only one—but I was concerned because of the numerous requests for decrees on Cheyenne Creek. It does not have any history of diversions, any history of flows. I was curious to attempt to build some kind of ball park record of how much water actually flows out of Cheyenne Creek in the event any of these decrees ever came to fruition. None have, incidentally.

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Another consideration was the fact that that is also the end of the Amity Canal. One of the reasons why is that the gage, as we put it up, it is a manometer gage, and they are comparatively portable, not in the sense you can wheel them away, but it only took us about two days to set it up and we could tear it down and move it in about the same time, so it wasn't a great expenditure of time to set the station up once we had and I was able to acquire the hardware. So considering all of them things, I thought it would be valuable to build some kind of a record on what Cheyenne Creek did produce because you talk to people, some of them will say it never runs no water at all, and others will say a tremendous amount of water went through it, and there was quite a flood event down at the mouth, as I understand, this year with the railroad getting quite a bit of water. This gage is considerably upstream. fact, it is about two miles upstream on the railroad, but it could be valuable information to anyone who wants to know.

THE CHAIRMAN: Before I have more questions, Mr. Jencsok, would you circulate the attendance pad, if you please, sir?

MR. JENCSOK: (Circulating attendance pad.)
THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. Mr. Genova.

MR. GENOVA: Bob, what is the breakdown on the inflow as it relates to the conservation pool in the other water account?

MR. JESSE: Today, you mean?

MR. GENOVA: Today.

MR. JESSE: Okay. Again, I am going to have to ask Bill.

MR. HOWLAND: What was the question?

MR. JESSE: The total inflow today as broken down into storage in John Martin, some of it going to the conservation pool, some of it going to the Amity account, some of it going to the Consolidated account, what is the breakdown?

MR. HOWLAND: The breakdown in round figures is
40 percent to Article 3 water, 60 percent— No. The
other way around. 60 percent to Article 3 water, 40
percent to Compact water.

MR. GENOVA: 40 percent to--

MR. HOWLAND: Compact, conservation pool.

MR. JESSE: That ratio was established under the procedure we used to establish the ratio contained both in the winter storage proposed decree and in the agreement that we eventually devised with the people in the Compact.

MR. HOWLAND: This is the second ratio we have

had because right after the first of the winter storage program, only the Consolidated was taking water down there, but when the Amity began to take water, we had to reestablish another ratio. That's what the current ratio is. The first ratio was about 79 percent conservation pool and 21 percent minimum under Article 2.

MR. JESSE: The Fort Lyon didn't go immediately to the Amity delivery to John Martin, but continued to the Great Plains for a few days later, so we had to establish two ratios, the second being a ratio of the first ratio.

THE CHAIRMAN: Any other questions? David?

'MR. POPE: Mr. Chairman, thank you.

Bob, just to follow up on that last item a little bit, those ratios that you are referring to are the ones that are based upon the several measurements of the river prior to the winter storage program beginning?

MR. JESSE: Um hum. Yes.

MR. POPE: And, of course, that does affect then how you account for the amount of water that goes into winter storage as compared to the conservation pool?

MR. JESSE: That's correct. Yes.

MR. POPE: Okay. Is it not reasonable to think

that the Compact should have some role in reviewing those ratios? It seems like it definitely affects the water that ultimately ends up in the conservation pool. I.e., I guess the same thing as saying that the winter storage program moving independently of the Compact's review seems rather hard to understand on our part.

MR. JESSE: I certainly agree with that. I don't think we have a very strong record of the methods used to compute those ratios, but in the beginning, Kansas and Colorado were very much concerned with that and we did jointly work on that. I think the two--or at least Carl was on the commission at that time. I don't know if anyone else was or not. I know Jerry Hilmes and Howard helped us with that. In fact, we had several meetings about it. That's where the concept came from was the attempt to determine what the ratio would be when the 1980 operating plan was in the process of being developed in 1978 and 9.

Bill, do you remember how we talked about that and how we did that?

MR. HOWLAND: That's essentially the way.

MR. BENTRUP: Yes. Originally, that's what happened. Jerry Hilmes for Kansas and you reviewed the winter storage for Amity and came up with some sort

of formula for how much Amity was going to get and how much winter storage we are going to get.

MR. JESSE: We were concerned about the computing of theoretical inflows and we and Jerry Hilmes in those days were concerned about exactly the same things and we didn't want to compute a negative inflow and have the conservation pool, in fact, not get any credit when common sense dictated that there had to be always a positive increment of conservation pool water, and that is one of the backgrounds of putting into my report the computed inflow because you can see the variation, and we wanted to make sure on a daily basis there was a reason for the distribution that we had and that is the reason that we devised that, and I think we went to some great lengths in probably even '77 and 8 when we were first talking about the 1980 operating plan.

THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Pope, it deserves all the clarification it can get. You may remark now.

MR. POPE: I appreciate that concern. You know, some of that did occur before I was a member of the Administration, of course. I was really leading into--Maybe I misunderstood what Bob was saying, but that similar kinds of computations are made for the Pueblo winter storage program, and some of that water, in fact,

ends up being stored in John Martin, right? I guess
I am trying to separate out what is done under the
1980 resolution of the Administration and what is
done under the Pueblo--

MR. JESSE: Yes. All of the water stored in John Martin by the Amity, Fort Lyon, and Consolidated has been stored under the voluntary Pueblo winter storage program and the majority of it has been computed using this kind of a formula. In the event water is stored in Pueblo Reservoir under a--Consolidated comes to mind--account and later transferred to their account in John Martin, it's treated as a simple reservoir and no such computation is made of that. We have done that, but I don't think we have done very much of it.

MR. BENTRUP: There hasn't been--

THE CHAIRMAN: One at a time.

MR. POPE: I don't think we need to pursue it further from my account. I appreciate the clarification.

THE CHAIRMAN: Carl?

MR. BENTRUP: You don't anymore--you and Jerry
Hilmes do not review that. I know originally one of
the problems was the transit loss on Amity from the-Well, they would have picked it up if they didn't
store in John Martin at the Fort Lyon headgates. I
mean, a few problems like that. I think they were

ironed out. But you don't anymore consult someone from Dave's office?

MR. JESSE: No, we do not. We arrived at the formula and we eventually agreed to consider the Livingston's formula as the transit loss and its payment then is an accounting procedure that we go through internally within the winter storage program.

MR. JESSE: Well, the formula for this particular operation is contained in the proposed winter storage decree. That's the thing that comes to mind immediately. I know it is somewhere else, but that's where that came from is in the operating plan of the winter

THE CHAIRMAN: Is there a cookbook, Mr. Jesse?

THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Pope, I would suggest that if you are satisfied with this, that these matters might well come before the operations' committee if you desire to go into them further and obtain clarification on exactly what procedures are followed and how the figures are arrived at.

MR. POPE: That would be satisfactory for now. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

Thank you, Bob.

storage program.

MR. JESSE: Okay.

THE CHAIRMAN: Are there any other questions? We

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have better than a photo opportunity hearing.

You appear to have gotten off again, Mr. Jesse. Thank you.

The meeting will turn to the "Election of Officers for Compact Year 1986."

MR. McDONALD: Frank?

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.

MR. McDONALD: I think you skipped items 6 and 7.

THE CHAIRMAN: 6 and 7? Indeed I have. I was moving right along.

The "Auditor's Report for Fiscal Year 1984-1985."

MR. McDONALD: The Auditor's Report was apparently mailed out by Leo Idler some months' ago. I just gave to David Pope the balance sheet out of it. David didn't apparently have it handy. I should have the whole thing here if anybody needs to look at it.

THE CHAIRMAN: I received one. I assume everyone else did, too.

MR. McDONALD: To my knowledge, the Auditor's
Report with the further letter of explanation addressed
to Leo and dated October 4th from Ron Farmer, one of
the principals in the firms, does, in fact, accurately
reflect the books of the Administration.

THE CHAIRMAN: I saw nothing of significance.

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MR. POPE: We are satisfied that everything is in order.

THE CHAIRMAN: Let's approve that one then formally, Mr. Pope. Would you make a motion that we approve the Auditor's Report for 84-85 as mailed previously to the members of the Compact Administration?

MR. POPE: I simply haven't had a chance to look at it. I would rather somebody else would make the motion. I have no concern or objection to it.

THE CHAIRMAN: I will take that motion from anybody else.

MR. McDONALD: I will move that we accept the Auditor's Report and reflect it as Exhibit D in the transcript, and that would include the October 4th letter of clarification from Mr. Farmer.

THE CHAIRMAN: Is there a second?

MR. BENTRUP: I will second.

THE CHAIRMAN: Is Kansas ready to vote?

MR. BENTRUP: Kansas votes aye.

THE CHAIRMAN: Colorado?

MR. McDONALD: Colorado votes aye.

THE CHAIRMAN: The report is approved. We now turn to "Committee Reports," the Administrative and Legal Committee.

MR. McDONALD: You are the chairman, Carl.

MR. BENTRUP: We have not had a meeting, have had no problems presented to us, so we don't have a report.

THE CHAIRMAN: No report. Okay.

The Engineering Committee?

MR. POPE: Mr. Chairman, I think I am chairman of the committee and likewise Carl and I have not really met during the course of the year, and, therefore, we would offer no report unless Carl has something.

THE CHAIRMAN: No report. All right.

The Operations' Committee.

MR. OLOMON: Well, the Operations' Committee, half of the committee is not here and we were going to put the finishing touches on this report and then submit it today.

THE CHAIRMAN: Would you like that this matter be deferred for later in the agenda?

MR. OLOMON: Well, I don't think that Jim plans to be here, do you, today, so--

THE CHAIRMAN: Then without his concurrence in that, I suppose there would be no report at this time, is that right?

MR. OLOMON: I would guess we would probably have to complete this at the next meeting.

THE CHAIRMAN: I think that is appropriate.

Now, Mr. McDonald, I believe we are ready for the

1	election.
2	MR. McDONALD: I could use a two-minute recess
3	to confer with David Pope before we have elections,
4	please.
5	THE CHAIRMAN: Why don't we take a five-minute
6	break, but no more than five minutes?
7	(Short recess.)
8	THE CHAIRMAN: The meeting is ready for the
9	election of a vice-chairman.
10	Are there any nominations?
11	MR. McDONALD: Frank, I would nominate Carl
12	Bentrup.
13	THE CHAIRMAN: Carl Bentrup has been nominated.
14	Are there any other nominations? Are there any other
15	nominations?
16	MR. POPE: Mr. Chairman, I would just move that
17	nominations cease and we elect Carl by acclamation.
18	THE CHAIRMAN: The motion has been made that the
19	nominations cease and Carl Bentrup be elected by
20	acclamation as vice-chairman. Is there a second?
21	MR. GENOVA: I will second that.
22	THE CHAIRMAN: Kansas ready to vote?
23	MR. POPE: Kansas votes aye.
24	THE CHAIRMAN: Kansas votes "aye." Colorado?
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MR. McDONALD: Colorado votes aye.

1	THE CHAIRMAN: Colorado votes "aye."
2	Carl, congratulations.
3	The operations' secretary. Nominations are in
4	order for an operations' secretary.
5	MR. POPE: Mr. Chairman, I would be happy to move
6	that we reelect Bob Jesse to that position.
7	THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Bob Jesse has been nominated
8	for operations' secretary. Are there any other
9	nominations? Any other nominations?
10	MR. GENOVA: Mr. Chairman, I would move that
11	nominations cease and we cast a unanimous ballot for
12	Mr. Jesse.
13	THE CHAIRMAN: You have heard Mr. Genova's motion.
14	Is there a second?
15	MR. McDONALD: I will second.
16	THE CHAIRMAN: All right. Colorado ready to vote?
17	MR. McDONALD: Colorado votes aye.
18	THE CHAIRMAN: Kansas?
19	MR. POPE: Aye.
20	THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Jesse, you are an eminently
21	successful politician.
22	Nominations are in order for treasurer of the
23	Arkansas River Compact Administration.
24	MR. McDONALD: Frank, if I might, all of us are
25	aware of Leo Idler's poor health, and even in that poor

health, he has steadfastly served the Administration. We think perhaps that the best arrangements would be if we elect and ask Leo to continue, as I know that he will, to be treasurer for Compact year 1986. He has also been serving, as you know, as recording secretary. There has been a lack of record keeping, not at all reflecting on Leo, but historically, I think, since the day the Compact was signed, the Administration simply has not had good records. It is a matter that has been of concern to myself for some time and David Pope and we are in the process of seeing if we can find a professional service or some other arrangement that would insure that there is an adequate and complete record of the papers and materials of the Administration.

In that regard, therefore, I would recommend that we not have an election for recording secretary.

Absent an election, Leo continues to serve as recording secretary until his successor is elected and other arrangements are made, and I would suggest that in setting up this situation, we establish the treasurer's salary at \$1,000 per year commencing January 1, 1986, and that we establish the recording secretary's salary as long as Leo continues in that capacity as \$2,600 commencing January 1, 1986.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. We will do things one at a time. Leo Idler's name has been nominated as treasurer. Are there any other nominations? Any other nominations?

MR. BENTRUP: I move the nominations cease and we cast a unanimous ballot for Leo Idler.

THE CHAIRMAN: You heard Mr. Bentrup's motion. Is there a second?

MR. GENOVA: Second.

THE CHAIRMAN: Is Colorado ready to vote?

MR. McDONALD: Colorado votes aye.

THE CHAIRMAN: Kansas?

MR. POPE: Aye.

THE CHAIRMAN: Kansas votes "aye."

Now, I have no problem in the absence of objection of passing over recording secretary and just having the incumbent carry on.

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The stipends, are they in the budget? Are they as they have been heretofore or are those new motions, Mr. McDonald? Is that something that is new?

MR. McDONALD: I am suggesting that we make specifically that split because the budget reflects a composite amount of \$3,600 for the treasurer/recording secretary. It never has been split out. We are obviously headed into a situation in which it will probably be split out. I think the record needs to be

1	explicit.
2	THE CHAIRMAN: \$2,600 to the recording secretary
3	and \$1,000 to the treasurer, is that right?
4	MR. McDONALD: Yes.
5	THE CHAIRMAN: And is it your motion to make a
6	split?
7	MR. McDONALD: I would so move that split to be
8	effective January 1, 1986.
9	THE CHAIRMAN: Is there a second?
10	MR. BENTRUP: I will second it.
11	THE CHAIRMAN: There is a second. Is there any
12	discussion?
13	Colorado ready to vote?
14	MR. McDONALD: Just a second.
15	THE CHAIRMAN: Hold it.
16	MR. McDONALD: Colorado votes aye.
17	THE CHAIRMAN: Colorado votes "aye."
18	Kansas?
19	MR. BENTRUP: Kansas votes aye.
20	THE CHAIRMAN: Kansas votes "aye."
21	I think that that takes care of item 8 on the
22	agenda.
23	The next item calls for the "Appointment of
24	Committee Members for Compact Year 1986," and it has
25	been routine, and I trust it will continue to be. I

have some concern that the federal role in the committees or the use of the federal agencies by the committees might be improved. I wish to suggest that the Compact consider the extent, if any, to which it wants to formalize or make greater use of the Bureau of Reclamation, the Corps, the USGS, in committee function. I think that if I were to press the matter at this time, it would not serve the purpose well, but I think it is appropriate for me to point this out now. As you continue to go into the new Compact year, I would suggest the committees consider this, and, in time, if the suggestion has merit, make further use or make use of federal representatives, federal agencies, in your committee work.

The first committee is "Administrative and Legal."

Carl, you have been on that committee for some time.

Who is the other?

MR. GENOVA: Bill.

THE CHAIRMAN: Carl and Bill. Are there any changes desired in that committee?

MR. BENTRUP: May I suggest or move that the composition of the committees remain the same except that Jim Rogers was taken care of at Garden City, wasn't it?

MR. BENTRUP for the remainder -- Well, yes, sir.

THE CHAIRMAN: So your motion then might be that we continue the same committees in place.

MR. BENTRUP: Yes. That is my motion.

THE CHAIRMAN: All right. Is there a second to the motion that the committees continue in place?

MR. POPE: I would second that.

THE CHAIRMAN: The motion has been made and seconded.

Is Kansas ready?

Is there any discussion?

MR. OLOMON: I have a question. Okay. Do you want the chairman to remain the same then or do you want to alternate?

THE CHAIRMAN: It is your wishes on the matter.

MR. OLOMON: Well, I just thought I would bring that up. I don't know what you have been doing in years past, but if you want them to remain the same, that is all right with me.

MR. POPE: As far as I am concerned, if there is a wish on the part of Colorado to alternate them, why, I think Kansas members were chairmen this year and we would be happy to alternate, as far as I am concerned.

MR. McDONALD: We have traditionally rotated,
David, and I guess I would suggest we keep that up.
I think it's the better practice for everybody.

THE CHAIRMAN: I think tradition governs that when

you have your two men committee meeting, that you elect an alternate for chairman for the year.

Is Kansas ready to vote?

MR. BENTRUP: Yes. We vote aye.

THE CHAIRMAN: Colorado?

MR. McDONALD: Colorado votes aye.

THE CHAIRMAN: Colorado votes "aye."

We now turn to the "Reports of Federal Agencies," the "Corps of Engineers."

Mr. Romph, I believe you would be the appropriateMR. ROMPH: I not only would be appropriate, I
am the only one, Mr. Chairman.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, that makes it all the more appropriate. Go ahead.

MR. ROMPH: At Trinidad Reservoir, we, of course, got into no flood operations this year. As Bob Jesse amply covered a few minutes ago here, in Pueblo Reservoir, we did get into the flood operations in June and again in July and we increased the releases from Pueblo Reservoir up to 6,000 cubic feet per second as measured at the Avondale gage until we get out of the flood pool. At John Martin, we were bumping up against the flood pool. During late May and again during most of the month of June, we did encroach into the flood storage pool during the period of 16 to 18

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June while releases were cut back to search for a drown ing victim.

A couple of items of general interest concerning storage available in reservoirs in the basin. I know in past years, there have been several questions about sediment surveys at John Martin. We have scheduled a new sediment survey for John Martin Reservoir in July of 1986.

As far as Trinidad Reservoir is concerned, we have finished a resurvey of the amount of storage in Trinidad Reservoir. We had this one go in our favor, thankfully. Due to increased accuracy of surveying, we found 8,000 acre-feet of extra storage in Trinidad Reservoir, more than we had believed there ever existed. That is unallocated storage. Normally, that storage would be available for other purposes. It could be purchased by an entity and used for several alternate purposes or it could be reassigned by Congress to some alternate purpose.

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A VOICE: Could someone file on it?

MR. ROMPH: No one has filed on it. We have had some discussions. There has been some interest in it, however, there is a hang-up here. There is 8,000 acre-feet of extra storage there, however, at the same time, we have been resurveying and redefining the

capacity of the downstream channel through the City of Trinidad. It turns out that the capacity of the channel has gone down very significantly since the dam was built. It looks like the 100-year flood is now about three-feet higher due to encroachments, bridges, additional buildings, channel deterioration in general through the City of Trinidad, so the way it stands right now, we have got 8,000 acre-feet of extra capacity, however, we need that extra capacity for flood control because of the deteriorated channel. At such time in the future as the City of Trinidad could be coerced or whatever other pressure we could bring upon the city to go ahead and improve the capacity of that channel down through there, then that 8,000 acre-feet would be available.

The last item is flood control studies within

the Arkansas River Basin. We have finished up flood

control studies reconnaissance level. That is the

first phase of study in Colorado Springs this year.

We have identified three sections of Fountain Creek

channel there where levees are feasible. We have also

identified main stem channelization project from

Manitou Springs down to Interstate 25 that is feasible.

We are presently working with Colorado Springs, El

Paso County, and others in the area to attempt to get

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cost sharing funds to continue our studies in the feasibility stage.

During this year, we have also finished a flood control study for La Junta. The only project that is still feasible at La Junta is a levee project down through the City of La Junta. It has got a favorable benefit cost ratio, however, it does not have local support. The local people feel that their main problem down there is sediment accumulation, as much as eight feet in the Arkansas River Channel through La Junta. It is also causing a very high ground water table condition north of the river through North La Junta and La Junta Gardens. The only project the local sponsors are willing to support would be a channelization project which we found infeasible, so thus we are terminating our flood control studies at La Junta.

The last thing concerning studies, we have been asked by congress in fiscal year '86 to go ahead and reevaluate the original Arkansas River channelization plan from Pueblo Reservoir down to Las Animas. As many of you will probably recall, that was a seventy-six mile long channel flanked by levees. It would have contained the 100-year flood. Benefits would have been obtained primarily through water salvage, up to 41,000 acre-feet of salvage as a result of lowering

of the ground water table and control of phreatophytes. The remainder of benefits primarily would have come from flood control. We will be updating the costs on that particular proposal here within the next month or two. Our preliminary indications are the benefit cost ratio does not look real favorable at this time. We have a very significant increase in cost of construction since it was originally studied in the late '60's and it does not look like the benefits have gone up by the same ratio as the costs have gone up.

That concludes my report. I will be happy to entertain any questions.

THE CHAIRMAN: I have got a number of questions for you. First, as to the Trinidad Reservoir and its capacity, would you just take a paragraph to describe the techniques used in order to determine the capacity? What actually is done to redefine the capacity in the reservoir?

MR. ROMPH: Well, for the area down below the water, it is a matter of using hydrographic-type surveying methods to go ahead and get a cross section.

THE CHAIRMAN: Depth finders?

MR. ROMPH: Depth finder type of mechanisms, right.

And then, of course, for the area that is above the

water, in which case in Trinidad, most of it is above

water, like right now, it is 17,000 acre-feet or so of storage in there, whereas the total storage is like 122,000 acre-feet, so photographic surveying methods then are used to go ahead and establish the dryland area.

THE CHAIRMAN: And then you, by planimetric sketches, from the photographs and from the depth finder prints, you compute the capacity?

MR. ROMPH: Right.

THE CHAIRMAN: And that is largely by hand, isn't it?

MR. ROMPH: Well, hand, as aided, of course, you know, by various computer techniques to go ahead and make the actual calculations.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. Now, as to La Junta-- I hope you will give me some forbearance here. I am so unaware of this subject that I don't understand what it is you are saying. -- is it a question of the amount of cost that the local community would have to contribute under the proposals or would you elaborate that, and clearly enough for me to catch on to what is going on?

MR. ROMPH: Okay. In our flood control planning, we basically go what we call a natio economic plan and that's the plan that returns the most benefits

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plan. It had a benefit cost ratio of about 1.3 to 1, as I remember. The channel plan had a similar cost, but it did not return—or had a greater cost, but did not—for only the same number of benefits. It had a benefit cost ratio of about .8 to 1. We cannot recommend anything to congress that does not have a benefit cost ratio of more than 1 to 1, and so thus even though the channel plan was the one selected by the local community, our criteria do not allow us to go ahead and recommend that to congress for authorization.

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THE CHAIRMAN: What would have been the burdens of the local community under either plan?

MR. ROMPH: The levee plan, the burden, right now, federal cost sharing is about 25 to 35 percent depending upon which bill gets passed by congress. Hopefully, one will get passed here in the next month or two. So you are talking approximately \$5,000,000 for the levee plan. I don't have the cost for the channel plan, but it was somewhat greater than that.

THE CHAIRMAN: All right. The last question:
Approximately how much will be spent in the summer of
'86 by the Corps of Engineers on John Martin on
redefining the capacity?

MR. ROMPH: I don't have that number. I am not so sure the contract has been let on that, Mr. Chairman.

THE CHAIRMAN: And if John Martin continues to have more than 200,000 acre-feet of water, a significant portion of that as well will be by depth finder prodding?

MR. ROMPH: That's correct. Based on the projections for the runoff and mountain storage in there now, most of that would be.

THE CHAIRMAN: Does anyone else have any questions?
Mr. Pope.

MR. POPE: I have a couple. On the Trinidad, the new survey of Trinidad--

MR. ROMPH: Yes.

MR. POPE: --the 8,000 acre-feet that you found, can you tell us what area within the reservoir that change occurred, the lower elevations or the higher elevations?

MR. ROMPH: I don't have any of the details.

That happened -- As you well know, I am fairly new on this job here and that actual work was done prior to the time I came here, and so I have had the benefit of knowing what the results are, but not having actually experienced any involvement in the actual work, so I don't know a lot of those details.

MR. POPE: Well, a further question: You may not be able to answer this one then based on that, but what effect does that additional storage have on the operation of the reservoir in conjunction with the Division Engineer's Office?

MR. ROMPH: It will have no effect as far as the Division Engineer's Office. It is not assigned to the conservation pool, it is assigned to the flood pool, and so from the standpoint of the Corps of Engineers making flood control operations, right now our operation calls for going up to 15,000 cubic feet per second releases when we get into flood storage. Under the modified operation, we would only go up to 7500 cubic feet per second releases when we go into flood storage.

MR. POPE: Well, the follow-up question then would be: I assume from what you are saying, you haven't changed the elevations of the different pools, that you are assuming that additional capacity is in the flood pool?

MR. ROMPH: Yes. Um hum.

MR. POPE: Are the current area capacity curves then being used for the remaining storage below the top of the conservation pool then, I assume?

MR. ROMPH: I can't tell you that.

MR. POPE: Bob, can you respond to that?

MR. JESSE: We are using whatever we have, whatever they are giving us. I don't remember when we got the latest one. We simply take whatever the elevation is and go to the planning table and that's the contents.

MR. POPE: Well, I guess the question then would be if it is possible to make available to all of us the most current earry capacity tables. We would appreciate that and that may or may not be what Bob is using now.

MR. ROMPH: Okay. I will go ahead and follow up on that.

THE CHAIRMAN: There is all sorts of interesting fallout on that matter and I think it deserves some attention and I would suggest that the data better be distributed, and probably to a committee, if not, to a next meeting of the Compact.

MR. ROMPH: All right.

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. Carl?

MR. GENOVA: Bob, would there be a chance of having a channelization study performed on the Arkansas, John Martin, and Stateline?

MR. ROMPH: My understanding is that reevaluation was done something like two or three years ago already and that was found to be infeasible and so

we recommended no further studies of that.

MR. GENOVA: In other words, the cost exceeded the benefit?

MR. ROMPH: Yes. Um hum.

THE CHAIRMAN: But the same capacity is around 200 cubic feet. It's a little frightening down there with some of those bridges and narrow stretches of the stream.

Any other questions?

MR. POPE: No. Other than we would appreciate receiving the materials whenever we can, and we are particularly interested in when the studies were completed so we could know what the new numbers should be and when.

MR. ROMPH: We will go ahead and make distribution of that.

THE CHAIRMAN: I think it would be appropriate,
Mr. Romph, if you address a letter to the Compact
Administration and to its members giving the information, where it is, and what it has done to the
capacities, and the new capacity table sufficient to
take off from there.

Thank you, sir.

Mr. Willms, you are not the only person here from the Bureau of Reclamation, but I think I will

call on you for the Bur/Rec report.

MR. WILLMS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

with respect to the operating principal study on Trinidad project, for a variety of reasons, we have not completed the draft. As of now, it is scheduled to be mailed on the 22nd day of December. We are intending to give approximately forty-five days of review time before we start working on putting out a final.

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As far as operations are concerned, just a word or two. The Fry-Ark project reservoirs are, for all practical purposes, full. We have agreed to store 30,000 acre-feet of winter water this year. We will be able to store that by using a small amount of joint use space and using some of the contract space that is vacant at this time, principally the Twin Lakes Canal Company space and then they will probably fill that early into the summer, and by the time they fill that space, the winter water will have to be gone and all the conservation space in the reservoirs will be filled with project water.

That's about the extent of the report I have.

Is there any questions?

MR. SIMMS: Mr. Chairman?

THE CHAIRMAN: Go ahead.

MR. SIMMS: When you last reported to us about the progress of the reports, you stated in response to questions that the practice of rolling over water in Trinidad did not comport with the operation criteria of the Bureau. Since that period of time and during this period when you have been continuing to try to put together a draft of the report for submission to the Administration and the states, has there been a change in that conclusion?

MR. WILLMS: No. I think that actually the conclusions that I alluded to or an indication of the conclusion was that the rolling over of that water was not in accordance with the irrigation report of the operation studies that supported it.

MR. SIMMS: Right.

MR. WILLMS: And I know we have not come up with any different conclusion at this time.

THE CHAIRMAN: Any other questions?

Just one, Mr. Willms: I am hazy. Has the report been made in conjunction with the two states or will the draft be the first communication you have with the two states?

MR. WILLMS: We communicated with the two states in the initial stages of the study in terms of what they wanted studied. Since then, there has been no

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communication other than exchange of data -- we have gathered some data -- and the draft report would be the first communications of substance.

THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you very much, sir. I don't think there is anything else.

Mr. Livingston, Russ Livingston, can you speak for the U.S. Geological Survey?

MR. LIVINGSTON: In my report today, I would like to touch on two things: First of all, I want to give a brief summary of the cooperative data collection program we have with the Company and then briefly summarize some of the other activities that we are carrying out in the basin that may or may not be of specific interest to the Compact.

At the October meeting, I believe we went over the specifics of the data program, and just to summarize: For fiscal year 1986, the Kansas district portion of the program totaled \$3,960, and for the Colorado portion of the program totaled \$6,225. We were asked at that special meeting to provide estimates for fiscal year 1987. Those estimates were documented in some correspondence I believe the Compact members have received. The total for the Kansas district portion, again, fiscal year 1987, would be \$3,825, and for the Colorado portion would be \$6,500. To total

then for the summary, fiscal year 1986 would be \$10,185 and the projected for 1987 fiscal year would be \$10,325.

I would bring to the Compact's attention that
there is some difference in the two proposals presented,
one by the Kansas district and one by the Colorado
district. The Kansas district does include funding
for their radio relay stations for another year, as
well as operation of the DCP's in Kansas. The proposal
that has been submitted by the Colorado district does
not include funding for the radio stations and it is
our understanding that in conversations with Bob Jesse,
that we no longer need to continue those things and
we are no longer really maintaining those facilities
and will be pulling out the equipment very shortly.

THE CHAIRMAN: Can we pause here, Mr. Livingston?

Mr. Corrigon, would you comment on the apparent discrepancy or if it is a discrepancy?

MR. CORRIGON Between the USGS funding?

THE CHAIRMAN: No. On whether we pull the radios in Kansas or not, since they are--

MR. CORRIGON. It was my understanding that we would have it through the year 1986.

THE CHAIRMAN: And that's what Russ has just indicated.

-57-

MR. CORRISON. We have just gotten on line. As I understand, we just went, I think, this morning, that we have obtained the data through the Topeka office of the Sutron Communications. We haven't got it yet to Garden City, but we should be able to do it. That is why I was looking around. I would like to run them both together for a period of time to see that the Sutrons do operate and if they don't operate, then we would need to carry on the relays.

THE CHAIRMAN: I didn't mean that you had to stand up. I wanted to keep your voice up for the reporter.

I don't know what the signal is on that. Turn the volume up maybe.

Well, that's in line with what Mr. Livingston has just reported and maybe that's the way it ought to be left and go from there.

Mr. Pope?

MR. POPE: I think there may be a difference. I think we were assuming that the relay stations would remain operational through September 30th of 1986. I think what Russ just reported to us was that they would be removed shortly on the Colorado side. That is not what we were assuming was going to be the case. Is that correct, Russ?

MR. LIVINGSTON: Well, it was our understanding,

speaking for the Colorado district, that in last year's proposal that was submitted to the Compact, and there was discussion at that point on whether the gages would be continued or not, that they would be continued just for that one year, that year ending this past October lst, and subsequent discussions with Mr. Bob Jesse indicated that they were no longer needed.

Now, we have had perhaps more experience with the DCP's here in Colorado than Howard has had, and so we have gotten a feeling that they are in good operation and we can go ahead and afford to discontinue the radio relays, but certainly, at this point, it is not too late if there should be a change in direction here on behalf of the Compact.

MR. POPE: Do you have a figure? We have a later item on the agenda regarding the budget matter, but sometime between now and then, Russ, could you come up with a figure in terms of the net difference that it would cost to keep them--

MR. LIVINGSTON: Yes. I could do that.

MR. POPE: -- and we will take that up then later, would be my suggestion.

THE CHAIRMAN: That would be fine.

MR. LIVINGSTON: That would be fine.

THE CHAIRMAN: Unless there are other questions,

we will accept Mr. Livingston's report with thanks.

MR. LIVINGSTON: I would like to--

THE CHAIRMAN: Oh, pardon me. I interrupted you halfway into the thing.

MR. LIVINGSTON: I think a question would bring this up anyway. I want to comment on a couple of the studies as I done last year that we are doing in the basin, and, as I said, some of them may be of direct interest to the Compact, some may not.

First of all, the comprehensive water quality and quantity model of the Arkansas River Basin that we have been working on for several years in cooperation with the Southeastern Colorado Water Conservancy District and the Bureau of Reclamation has been completed this past year, and I will give you a status on the reports that are involved.

We have in mind five reports on that investigation.

We have what we call a descriptive operations report.

That report has been approved by the director and will probably be published in the next couple months. We have a report on statistics, water trends, and data of the various gaging stations, and that has also been approved by the director, will probably be published in the next four months, I would say. We have a report on water quality in the basin. That report is in

quality review right now, so it is just beginning the review process and it will be quite a while before it gets out. A report on the documentation of the model has just been completed, is, again, just starting the review process. And lastly, we will publish a summary report and that has not been written at this point.

To move on, we are studying the designated ground water basin in the Black Squirrel extensively, and this is a tributary to the Arkansas just downstream of Pueblo. We will be doing some additional studies in that basin.

We have completed our 2-D model of that basin and will be beginning a 3-D model that will probably be completed in fiscal year '87.

Our studies of the Pinon Canyon military reservation

A and maneuver area are ongoing, and that study, again,
is to determine the hydrologic impacts, particularly
the sediment transport on the Purgatoire River.

We are doing a lot of work on Fountain Creek, largely because of the development in the Colorado Springs area. We are doing sediment transport. We are doing what could be called a transit loss study. It is determining the amount of transmountain return flow that is released by Colorado Springs, how much of that return flow does reach the Arkansas.

We are also doing some work on ground water quality on the Fountain Creek alluvium.

We also began a new study this year on Pueblo
Reservoir. It's mainly water quality oriented. There
will be some hydrologic modeling of the reservoir and
it's aimed at getting a better handle of the water
quality in the reservoir and the potential impacts on
that water quality of degradation upstream.

A couple of proposals that will possibly be funded over the next year: One would be a ground water investigation of the alluvial area north of La Junta. That's the alluvial area that is the North La Junta Water Conservancy District boundary area. They are having a problem with high water table. Another is a water quality modeling of Fountain Creek and Monument Creek from Palmer Lake to the Arkansas River. This is to determine the waste load capacity of those creeks to assimilate.

And that basically concludes my report.

THE CHAIRMAN: Now, any other questions?

MR. SIMMS: Mr. Chairman?

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. Mr. Simms?

MR. SIMMS: Is all of the information to which you alluded available to anybody who might request it?

-62-

MR. LIVINGSTON: All of what information?

MR. SIMMS: All of the information, studies--

MR. LIVINGSTON: Studies?

MR. SIMMS: --and everything you filed and recorded and analyzed?

MR. LIVINGSTON: It is. As far as any interpretive type data, it does have to go through our review process, and as I mentioned, some of the reports and so forth have not completed that stage. Any of the basic hydrologic data we might be collecting following some quality-assurance-type procedures are certainly available on request.

MR. SIMMS: How about the use of the model?

MR. LIVINGSTON: The Arkansas Basin model?

MR. SIMMS: Yes.

MR. SIMMS: Again, those studies or those reports that are documenting that particular modeling effort are still undergoing review and so forth and haven't been published yet. The model, once it is completed, is basically going to be—any requests for the use of that model are going to be channeled through the conservancy district since they were the cooperator on the study, but, again, the documentation of the model will be a matter of public record and it will be a published report.

MR. SIMMS: Do I understand that the model itself from your point of view then will not be a public record and will not be available for use without being released by the conservancy district?

MR. LIVINGSTON: If a request came directly to us for use of the model, we would possibly be able to provide you a copy of the model, but as far as actually using the model for addressing an issue that you might have, we would not be able to do that. If you wanted the model used for a specific purpose, it would have to go through the conservancy district.

THE CHAIRMAN: What is the cost of development of the model, roughly?

MR. LIVINGSTON: About \$400,000.

THE CHAIRMAN: Any more questions, Mr. Simms?

MR. SIMMS: No, sir.

MR. POPE: On the study of the transmountain return flows, you said that was on the Fountain Creek, was being done on Fountain Creek. How far into that study are you?

MR. LIVINGSTON: The study is to be completed in July of '86.

MR. POPE: What did you use for a data source to put together that study?

MR. LIVINGSTON: Well, in addition to the

historical data on Fountain Creek, we have been doing some gain and loss investigations reflecting additional diversion records along Fountain Creek from Colorado Springs to Pueblo. We will also be surveying some water use relative to well pumpage in that area.

MR. POPE: Is that the only one of the studies mentioned that deals specifically with transmountain return flows?

MR. LIVINGSTON: Yes.

MR. POPE: You did discuss that in a broader model study?

MR. LIVINGSTON: Not directly, no. I sure didn't.

MR. POPE: Thank you.

THE CHAIRMAN: Any other questions?

Thank you very much, Mr. Livingston.

I am going to make some remarks to the Compact, after which we will go into another recess.

The purpose of the Compact Administration is to settle disputes between Colorado and Kansas on the Arkansas River and to divide and apportion the waters of the river in an equitable manner.

Any suit brought in the Supreme Court of the United States by one state against another concerning the Arkansas necessarily would reflect the failure of the Compact Administration and demonstrates a break-

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down both of the Administration and of the settlement processes that the Administration was created to perform.

Attorney General Stephan reported to the Kansas

Legislature that a concerted effort was made in 1984 by

Kansas to submit its concerns on the Arkansas River to

arbitration with Colorado but that the effort proved

fruitless. He stated that there have been three years

of efforts to attempt to negotiate, arbitrate or

investigate Kansas concerns with Colorado, but, without

success, and that he has directed Assistant Attorney

General John Campbell and Mr. Simms to prepare the

legal documents necessary to initiate litigation against

the State of Colorado.

It is my view, from the position to which I have been appointed, that three elements should be necessary to establish a threshold for a suit by one state against another before the Supreme Court of the United States on a compact dispute. If there is a failure of a compact commission to resolve a dispute where the compact had provision for allowing federal representatives a vote (not the case here) or providing for arbitration by federal official (as is the case with this compact) these elements seem appropriate.

First, the underlying factual basis of any dispute should be presented clearly and fully before a regular

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meeting of the Compact. The claim for relief or the basis for a complaint should be set forth in public and brought before a meeting of the Compact so that the Compact has the opportunity, and, indeed, the duty fully to discuss and consider the subject of discord, the claim of injury or damage. The basis of the complaint should be presented at a public meeting and not at a closed or informal session or in a committee meeting or in reports not brought before the Compact itself.

We have consistently had a large attendance of interested water users and water authorities at the meetings of the Compact Administration. The water community of both states is entitled to hear the complaint of either. Indeed, it is my opinion that the deficiencies in the presentation of problems in the administration of the river and before the general public has caused delays in facing and defining the problems, in the solution of these problems, if not exacerbation of the problems themselves. The public is entitled to the airing of the positions of both states and the airing of these problems is the first step towards the solution of the problems. This is a step that may not be ignored or omitted or slighted under the provisions of the Compact as I interpret its

purpose and function.

parliamentary procedures and the fine tuning of resolutions are a necessary part of the functions and deliberations of the Arkansas River Compact Administration, but they are not its principal business. Its principal business is the settlement of disputes, complaints, or grievances or maladministration or claims of injury or damage. These must be identified with specificity and clarity before the Compact Administration if they are to be resolved by the Compact Administration. There is a desire for a temperate and pleasant meeting, but if a suit is in the air, it should come before the Compact prior to being taken to court.

Second, the fact finding process must be pursued to the reasonable limit by both states in order that disputes be resolved. This process has been employed with substantial success and progress by both states in the past year. The Compact has in the past successfully pressed forward on the establishment of facts, a data base, and in resolution of the concerns of both states in the administration of the Arkansas River based upon the factual determinations made. In addition, the Compact has been successful in its special relationships with the agencies of the United States

-68-

in obtaining studies and reports, some of which have been of great value. I point out particularly the "travel time study" which has become a useful working tool for the administration of the river.

It is not appropriate for me to comment upon or pass judgment upon the deficiencies of the fact finding process which appeared in the past few months. If one state refuses to permit fact finding on a practice deemed by the other state to be the cause of great injury, then the process breaks down at that point. This may be the case here. It is appropriate for me to say that both states must make greater efforts to define and agree upon all of the regime of the Arkansas River and upon the data, the data base, and the facts of operation of the structures in the basin as they may bear upon the regimen and operation of the river and upon the complaints of any state. I believe many of these factual bases have been readily and freely agreed to by the states. In some instances, the facts have been agreed to but we may have fallen short upon the appropriate interpretation of the factual bases.

Third, in the event of the failure to agree between the two states, it is necessary and, indeed, essential that there be an arbitration of the dispute. At the minimum the states should exhaust the arbitration

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The Supreme Court of the United States in process. Texas vs. New Mexico at 103 S.Ct. 2571 stated that: "Time and again we have counselled States engaged in litigation with one another before this Court that their dispute 'is one more likely to be wisely solved by cooperative study and by conference and mutual concession on the part of the representatives of the States which are vitally interested than by proceedings in any court however constituted.'" A case given to the Supreme Court from a dispute over an interstate stream almost invariably ends up before a special master who may or may not have the qualifications, expertise, and experience appropriate to determine those matters. The court would acknowledge that there is in regular attendance before this Administration a group of men with skill, judgment, knowledge and experience superior to any other group on the complex issues of the river. The skills and abilities here should be utilized. any event, before the compact's functions are at an end there must be a genuine effort to resolve disputes by arbitration.

One of the functions of the administration is to refer matters for arbitration. This necessarily involves several steps. One, is the establishment of the ground rules for arbitration of disputes before the

Compact Administration. This step has not been taken. Cogent and thorough arbitration procedures have not been submitted by either state for action by the Compact to my knowledge. There have been discussions about arbitration, but I know of no framework which has been established by the Administration.

Next, those matters to be subjected to arbitration must be defined with clarity and precision. The arbitration procedure must run its course. These steps have not been accomplished in my judgment. It is not my intention to frustrate or thwart the remedy of either state, much less to define what those remedies shall be. It is my purpose to set forth those procedures which appear to me clearly to be reasonable and necessary before either successfully claims that its administrative remedies have been exhausted and that it must seek relief outside or beyond the Compact Administration.

We will be in recess for fifteen minutes.

THE CHAIRMAN: We will be back in order. The next item on the agenda is the "Report of Investigation Committee," item number 11.

MR. McDONALD: David, shall I proceed with the comments for October, ending November 1st?

MR. POPE: Okay.

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MR. McDONALD: The committee met, as you well know, on the morning of October 8th immediately preceding the special meeting of the Administration. We had -- "we, " being David Pope and I -- had prepared the reports for that Administration meeting. Those were provided to you at that time. We also proposed to you a resolution directing the continuation of the investigation in some particulars. You are all aware of that, of course, having acted upon it. Our written report for the period ending November 1st to which David and I have agreed this morning, but which has yet to be retyped, and when it is retyped, it will be mailed to you, it will merely indicate that those were the activities of the committee for the period ending November 1 and the minutes of our October 8th committee meeting will be appended to that November 1st report.

David, I don't think I need to do anything else for that period, do I?

MR. POPE: No. I think that covers it, in light of the fact that the special meeting of the Administration was in receipt of an update at that time.

Mr. Chairman, for the period ending December 1, I would also report on the status of that.

THE CHAIRMAN: Please do.

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MR. POPE: At this morning's meeting, I provided a draft of a committee report to the Administration. Bill had not had an opportunity to review that so it has not been totally finalized, but, in essence, the significant happening during the month of November and for the period ending December 1, 1985, was a report on the meeting of the committee which was held in Denver on November 19, 1985, at which time, the primary order of business was to discuss the proposed scope of work for the continuation of the investigation pursuant to the resolution adopted by the Administration . on October 8, 1985. A draft of that scope of work had been provided by Mr. McDonald a few days prior It was discussed in detail and Kansas to the meeting. agreed to take it home and respond back to Colorado which we have now done as of this morning. That goes beyond the December 1st report briefly there.

There was also presented to Kansas a draft of a scope of work for one of the Colorado alleged violations of Compact by Kansas, and, in turn, we also discussed that and agreed to take it back and respond back to them on it. Essentially, that is the essence of what happened during the month of November and again the Administration will be in receipt of a finalized report in the very near future, I presume, regarding

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that period.

I think that concludes the report for the period ending December 1st, Bill, unless you have any suggestions or changes to that.

MR. McDONALD: David, perhaps the only thing I would add is that with respect to the scope of work--well, or with respect to the period ending December 1st, that's fine. I am jumping ahead again.

MR. POPE: I presume, at this time, that you would want to continue with the report on what happened this morning.

MR. McDONALD: Yes. Go ahead.

MR. POPE: I was trying to put that over in your lap.

MR. McDONALD: I am sorry. I thought you meant "we." I will be glad to continue if you like.

David and I did meet this morning as a committee, dealt with some administrative matters of preparing our reports and what have you.

Item number 2 of business, not necessarily in the order we took them, was that at the November 19th committee meeting, as David indicated, I had proposed a scope of work with respect to Colorado's allegation of well development in Kansas being a violation of Article IV. D. David responded to that scope of work

in a letter dated December 5th to me which I received Friday. In view of the fact that I had had that for one or two days, I indicated to David this morning that I would be responding to his letter in writing at a later date shortly. We did not discuss that matter further.

With respect to the third major item of business that we handled as a committee this morning, again, as David has previously indicated, we had a proposed scope of work for the continuation of the investigation pursuant to the Administration's resolution of October 8th when we met on November 19th. David provided this morning some revisions to that proposed scope of work.

I do not, at this time, see any major problems with what David has proposed, however, we in Colorado inquired of David and Richard as to whether the reported filing of the lawsuit on Monday, December 16th, was, in fact, going to occur. David and Richard indicated that it would be filed, and under those circumstances, we advised that we would provide our final written comments on that proposed scope of work shortly after we had had an opportunity to read that complaint. And I believe, David, the matter was left there. Is there anything you would like to add to that?

MR. POPE: Just a second. Bill, the only addition or comment I believe I would make is after you and David Robbins raised the question regarding the possible filing of the lawsuit, I believe our response was that suit would be filed if Colorado continued to take the position that it had taken thus far regarding the refusal to investigate further the matters that we have laid on the table. For example, use of ground water and other matters like we all know are on the table. Reservoir operation, granting of the front road. We didn't get into those in detail.

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MR. McDONALD: Frank, unless David has anything else, I think that would conclude our report as an investigation committee.

MR. POPE: Mr. Chairman, if that does complete
the report of the committee, and I think it does,
we are ready to move to the next agenda item. I
think it follows that order of business. We would like
to proceed with, as a motion. I think it would be
appropriate for the Administration to consider at
this time regarding the investigation.

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THE CHAIRMAN: It looks to me like the items ll and 12 on the agenda are closely related and I see no reason not to proceed as you have indicated, Mr. Pope. I take it there is to be a resolution presented

to the meeting on investigation. Are there any remarks that are appropriate or necessary prior to that on continuing investigations? I take it from the report that some investigations are ongoing and from Mr.

Pope's remarks, that other areas that are sought to be investigated by Kansas are not under investigation.

MR. POPE: I think our motion does speak to that issue, but let me indicate I think as it came out this morning that we presented a response to the proposed scope of work for the continuation of that portion of the investigation that was agreed to October 8, 1985, and we are willing to proceed on that basis.

THE CHAIRMAN: I apologize. I am lost by your remark, Mr. Pope. Will you make it more clear to me if you can?

MR. POPE: Well, I thought your question was the next step in terms of the investigation.

THE CHAIRMAN: You are going ahead with certain areas of the investigation you have agreed to and that is a continuing process, is that right, and there are other areas not under investigation that you desire and have desired to be investigated—

MR. POPE: Yes.

THE CHAIRMAN: --under the fact finding process

of the Compact Administration? And I take it then that what you said is you are willing to continue with those things that are under way? Is that the substance of what you just said? I am sorry. I just did not understand.

MR. POPE: No. I appreciate that, Frank, and,
you know, to restate that: In October the Administration
directed that the investigation continue on those
items that the two states could agree on. The committee
has met, as we just reported, and the scope of work
is under consideration. We are now awaiting a response
from Bill McDonald and Colorado on our latest
suggestions to that. We are willing to proceed on
that investigation in the manner in which it has
already been discussed. Further, we have a motion that
we would like to put on the table at this time for
consideration that also speaks to the matter of the
continuation of the investigation.

THE CHAIRMAN: And is the motion comprehensive?

Does it cover the same things that you alluded to that
you done thought were on the table? Does the written
motion wrap it all up?

MR. POPE: Well, we hope so.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. Well, it was just distributed, so let's be at ease for two minutes or three while we

read the motion.

Well, I think everyone may have had a chance to go over the motion.

In summarizing, it's a three and a half page
motion with a recital under a whereas clause of the
certain resolutions adopted by the Compact Administration
and the refusal in a whereas clause of Colorado to
abide by the resolution and a therefore clause on the
top of the third page that says "NOW THEREFORE, the
State of Kansas respectfully moves that the Arkansas
River Compact Administration take the following action:"
And there are detailed one, two, three, four, five,
six requirements for action on the part of the Compact
Administration including the shutting down of certain
wells. I am again somewhat at a loss how to proceed.

Mr. Pope, why don't you suggest the way in which the Compact Administration should address the motion that you have tendered.

MR. POPE: Well, Mr. Chairman, I think in a straightforward way and simple way to proceed is for me, first of all, to move the adoption of the motion, and I would suggest then for the benefit of everyone here assembled that it be read over. It is not that long, but I think we can take a few minutes and then we proceed to discuss and take action on the

motion on the floor.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, the motion as drafted doesn't seem to be one for action by the two states, as I read the therefore clause on page 3, but certainly be at liberty to proceed in any manner that you desire. I almost haven't entertained the motion yet. We are trying to figure out where we are at. Mr. McDonald?

MR. McDONALD: Have you entertained the motion?

THE CHAIRMAN: I haven't, but I am not going to slow up on that process.

MR. McDONALD: The only suggestion I was going to make, unless somebody in the audience, Dave, is dying to have this thing read, you are welcome to have it introduced into the record. It would be Exhibit E at this point. I don't think we need to sit around and read it for posterity.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, I am in a very poor way,

Mr. McDonald, to go along with that, having just read
a six-page document in which I tried to make it clear
that spreading the complaint on the record was
desirable and essential in this process. That being
so, Mr. Pope, if you will proceed.

MR. POPE: We would prefer that, Mr. Chairman, and if you would accept the motion that I have attempted to make, why, I think you would have a second.

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THE CHAIRMAN: All right. The motion has been made and seconded. Now, will you proceed with the discussion as you may deem necessary?

MR. POPE: I think my request was to make the motion a matter of record, and I would like to read it at this point.

THE CHAIRMAN: Please go ahead.

MR. POPE: "WHEREAS, Article VIII(H) of the Arkansas River Compact provides that $\Theta(v)$ iolation of any of the provisions of this Compact or other actions prejudicial thereto which come to the attention of the Administration shall be promptly investigated by it;

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"WHEREAS, by Resolution of March 28, 1985, as amended on July 12, 1985, the Arkansas River Compact Administration constituted a special committee to investigate: 1) whether the waters of the Arkansas River have been or are being materially depleted in usable quantity or availability by: a) The operation of the Trinidad Dam and Reservoir Project, Colorado; b) the operation of Pueblo Dam and Reservoir, Colorado, and the winter water storage program on the Arkansas River in Colorado; c) well development of the waters of the Arkansas River in Colorado; and d) well development of the waters of the Arkansas River in Kansas; 2) whether water released from John Martin Dam and

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Reservoir has been stored in Lake McKinney, Kansas, rather than being applied promptly to beneficial use, without the prior authorization of the Administration; 3) whether the State of Colorado has complied with the provisions of Article V F of the Arkansas River Compact in the administration of the decreed rights of water users in Colorado Water District 67 as against each other and as against all rights now and hereafter decreed to water users diverting upstream from John Martin Dam, including groundwater rights, on the basis of relative priorities; and 4) whether there have been increases in ditch diversions rights from the Arkansas River by Kansas ditches between the stateline and Garden City beyond the rights existing at the time of the execution of the Compact, which increases have occurred without the Administration first making findings of fact that the usable quantity and availability for use of the waters of the Arkansas River to water users in Colorado Water District 67 and Kansas would not be thereby materially depleted or adversely affected;

"WHEREAS, by the Resolution of March 28, 1985, as amended on July 12, 1985, the states requested the cooperation of the respective state agencies and officials, including consultants to them, in both Colorado and Kansas, and of the U.S. Army Corps of

Engineers in furnishing factual data;

"WHEREAS, the State of Colorado has refused to abide by the Arkansas River Compact Administration's Resolution of July 24, 1951;

"WHEREAS, the State of Colorado has refused 'at this time, . . . to undertake a bilateral investigation into well development in Colorado . . .,' as directed by the administration's resolution of March 28, 1985;

"WHEREAS, the State of Colorado has undertaken a unilateral investigation of well development of groundwater use in Colorado during the past year while at the same time refusing to agree to a bilateral investigation of well development in Colorado or to share the information collected from its study;

"WHEREAS, the State of Colorado has refused to consider the investigation of the State of Kansas' allegations of violation in regard to the operation of Trinidad Reservoir, the operation of Pueblo Reservoir, and the winter water storage program on the Arkansas River;

"NOW THEREFORE, the State of Kansas respectfully moves that the Arkansas River Compact Administration take the following action; ,

"(1) To require the State of Colorado to furnish to the State of Kansas all information, records and

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data concerning alluvial well development in the Arkansas River basin, including the number and location of wells, annual quantities and rates of diversion authorized, number of acres irrigated, types and acres of crops irrigated and all other water use data available;

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- "(2) immediately undertake an investigation of the impact of postcompact well development and water use in the State of Colorado on the usable stateline flow of the Arkansas River and on the State of Kansas' equitable apportionment of the waters of the Arkansas River under the Compact;
- "(3) recommend to the Colorado State Engineer that he terminate all postcompact well uses in the Arkansas River Basin of Colorado during the pendency of the Compact Administration's investigation of postcompact well development;
- "(4) immediately undertake an investigation of the impact of past rollover of water in Trinidad Reservoir on the usable stateline flow of the Arkansas River and on the State of Kansas' equitable apportionment of the waters of the Arkansas River under the Compact;
- "(5) require the State of Colorado to adhere to and act in accordance with the Compact Administration's Resolution of July 24, 1951, concerning reregulation,

if any, of native waters of the Arkansas River in connection with Colorado's transmountain diversions under the Gunnison-Arkansas River Project; and

"(6) require the State of Colorado to provide to the Compact Administration's Investigation Committee its data, calculations and studies regarding use and depletion of its transmountain diversions in the Arkansas River Basin and to cooperate with the State of Kansas in quantifying the amount of Colorado's transmountain return flow to the Arkansas River."

THE CHAIRMAN: Before we get into matters of substance, I want to ask you some questions dealing strictly with the style and meaning of the resolution and I want you to take my remarks in that direction if you could put a different interpretation on them. In the middle of page 2, the refusal of the State of Colorado to abide with the resolution of July 24th, and there is another whereas of the refusal "at this time, . . . to undertake a bilateral investigation into well development in Colorado . . . " Are there other refusals referred to in the first paragraph than the bilateral investigation of well development?

MR. POPE: Are you talking about on the first page?

THE CHAIRMAN: The second page. Coming down

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from the top, the second whereas near the middle of the page referring to a refusal in the State of Colorado, and then there is a specific refusal alleged under the second whereas. Now, in the first, what are the refusals that you are referring to here? I am looking for content. I don't want to get into the merit any way.

MR. POPE: You are referring now to that second whereas in the July 24, 1951, resolution?

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.

MR. POPE: Okay. Extensive discussions were held during the March 28, 1985, meeting, and prior to that, in fact, several times, but particularly, at that meeting, as I recall, and the resolution deals with the issue of approval by the Administration of an operating plan for the operation of Pueblo Reservoir as a part of what is now known as the Frying pan-Arkansas Project, and the winter storage program as it is now known. The resolution indicated that the Administration would have the opportunity to review and approve any such plan prior to the reregulation of the Pueblo Reservoir.

THE CHAIRMAN: You have answered my question. Now, on page 3, we have a "NOW THEREFORE," and a request that the Arkansas River Compact Administration take

some action, and paragraph 1 is "To require the State of Colorado to furnish" some data. Paragraph 2 begins with a small letter, i.e., "immediately undertake an investigation. . ." Who is to immediately undertake the investigation under your resolution?

MR. POPE: I would be happy to clarify that, Mr. Chairman.

THE CHAIRMAN: What is the intent?

MR. POPE: We are referring to the position taken most recently at the October 8th special meeting of this body that Kansas felt that all of the factors should be investigated regarding the causes of declines in stateline flows. One of those specifically was postcompact well development. That is spelled out in the resolution adopted by the Administration on that date and it would be our intent here that that be done by the committee--

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay.

MR. POPE: -- thus far constituted.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. All right. The committee, the investigation committee immediately undertake that one, too, all right?

MR. POPE: Right.

THE CHAIRMAN: "(3) recommend to the Colorado State
Engineer that he terminate all postcompact well uses"

and it seems to say basin line but who is to make the recommendation, the Compact, in this instance, for paragraph 3, the Compact Administration?

MR. POPE: Yes.

THE CHAIRMAN: Compact Administration. Paragraph
4, "immediately," and I think it is intended as
"undertake"--

MR. POPE: Yes.

THE CHAIRMAN: -- "an investigation. . . " The committee?

MR. POPE: That would also be the committee.

THE CHAIRMAN: The investigation committee.

(5) require the State of Colorado to adhere to and so forth concerning reregulation of native waters.

Would the operating party be the Compact Administration in 5?

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MR. POPE: Yes, it would be.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. Thank you. Paragraph 6,
"require the State of Colorado to provide to the
Compact Administration's"-- I am not sure that needs
any clarification. I think that is clear enough as it
is.

Thank you very much, Mr. Pope.

Now, I think we will declare the motion open for general discussion on its merits.

MR. McDONALD: Frank?

THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. McDonald?

MR. McDONALD: With due respect, I don't find the motion to be reasonably calculated to advance the purposes and role of the Administration's investigation nor does it seem to me to be responsive to the differences which have admittedly been identified in the course of the investigation. For example, as explained in my memorandum—

A VOICE: Will you speak up? We can't hear you, Mr. McDonald.

MR. McDONALD: Why don't I start over?

THE CHAIRMAN: Good.

MR. McDONALD: With due respect, I do not find the motion to be reasonably calculated to advance the purposes and role of the Administration's investigation nor does it seem to me to be responsive to the differences which have admittedly been identified in the course of the investigation as explained, for example, in my memorandum to the Administration dated December 9th which I provided to you earlier in the meeting. Under the circumstances, discussion, to me, would appear to be futile and I would call the question.

Colorado is prepared to vote.

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THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. Mr. Pope?

MR. POPE: Kansas is ready to vote if Colorado has discussed it as far as they wish to.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, we can quite clearly have a vote on this matter. I think it is pretty clear what the result of the vote would be.

Mr. McDonald, I don't operate with a copy of Robert's in my pocket. I hope I never have to. May I inquire of the State of Colorado what can be done, if anything, to further the fact finding process of the Compact on those subjects that are brought before the Compact Administration in Kansas's motion? Is further progress possible?

MR. McDONALD: Frank, let me address it this way: I would move a substitute to the motion on the table, and my substitute motion would be as follows: I would move that the Administration direct the investigation committee to continue its investigation insofar as the violations alleged by Kansas are concerned and insofar as the violations of Article V. E(2) alleged by Colorado is concerned. for good cause. I set out, and I am referring now to my memorandum to the Administration dated December 6th which references that the March resolution of the Administration spoke to those alleged violations being

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addressed by the date of today's meeting. I think there is good cause as to why we have not yet finished that investigation.

I think there are good grounds for continuing that investigation. It is my view that the investigation of the allegations of postcompact well development, for example, is, in fact, underway and ongoing. The difference has been, and there is an admitted difference, only about how one proceeds to do that, and as I stated at the October 8th meeting, I have not and I do not today rule out anything in terms of conducting the investigation other than the return flows from transmountain diversion imports. I am merely saying that I think there is a reasonable and prudent way to go about it.

At any rate, I would move that substitute motion.

THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Simms?

MR. SIMMS: The State of Kansas has properly and duly made a motion before the Administration. That motion was discussed and the question called. We would like a vote on that motion before there is any consideration of any amendment.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, fine, and the State of Kansas is entitled to that. The only problem, Mr. Simms, is that the purpose of the Administration is

to resolve disputes, and calling for the question in this instance merely preserves, documents the dispute.

My purpose is to find out if there is any way
in which the fact finding process or for that matter,
the arbitration process can be furthered or enhanced,
and at least for the moment, I am not anxious to
freeze this dispute at this moment into the record, but
I am clearly, and as you are well aware, I am willing
to do so when pressed further.

MR. POPE: Now, that is the logical next step procedurally, Mr. Chairman.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, I point out to you, Mr.

Pope, that the resolution that you present for
adoption by Kansas and Colorado contains the language,
"the State of Colorado has refused to abide by
the. . .Resolution of July 24, 1951." When solicited
by me to inquire if any progress was possible, Mr.

McDonald came up with a substitute motion which is
again something in which I am trying to avoid the
procedure and get to the heart of the thing, in which
he says that "Yes," that further progress is possible
and that he seeks it.

I don't think there is any great merit to slamming the door shut on the fact finding process if it could be continued unless it's clear that that process isn't

carried on in good faith or is being carried on only for the purpose of hindrance and delay, and I haven't heard that yet nor do I hope ever to hear it.

Go ahead.

MR. POPE: Mr. Chairman, we have a motion on the floor. We have not said that at the appropriate time we would be unwilling to consider Mr. McDonald's motion.

MR. McDONALD: Frank?

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.

MR. McDONALD: I am not trying to finesse the procedure. I was only trying to respond to your question that I have an alternative and the alternative was that I was prepared to make a motion, but I will be glad to withdraw. It hasn't found a second yet anyway.

THE CHAIRMAN: I understand.

MR. McDONALD: Back to the call of the question, if I may have the liberty of withdrawing my motion to substitute.

THE CHAIRMAN: Poor General Robert is spinning in his grave.

The motion has been made and seconded. Is Kansas ready to vote?

MR. POPE: Yes, it is. We vote yes.

THE CHAIRMAN: Kansas votes "yes." Is Colorado ready to vote?

MR. McDONALD: Colorado respectfully votes no.

THE CHAIRMAN: Colorado votes "no."

The matter is not closed. If there can be further progress in the fact finding process, then, in my view, that possibility must be pursued by both states.

Forget, Mr. Pope, the form of Mr. McDonald's remarks. If you would, respond to the substance of O
his remarks in the fact finding process.

MR. POPE: I think maybe the appropriate thing at this time would be we do have additional discussion that relates to the matter at hand and I think I would like Mr. Simms, at this time, to proceed with that.

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THE CHAIRMAN: We would be delighted.

Mr. Simms.

MR. SIMMS: We were provided just a couple of hours ago, Mr. Chairman, with a copy of Mr. McDonald's memorandum of December 9, 1985, regarding Attorney General Stephan's announcement that a lawsuit would be filed on December 16, 1985, if Colorado continued to refuse to conduct a timely and meaningful and prompt—to quote the language of Article VIII. H—investigation under Article VIII. H of the Compact.

As everybody here has known for many years, our

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basic concerns relate to essentially three things: One, unregulated postcompact well development which the State of Kansas and numerous of its consultants, numerous consultants to the State of Colorado, and numerous independent consultants, feel has caused severe stateline depletions of stateline flow. Secondly, the operation of Trinidad Reservoir. And thirdly, the reregulation of Arkansas River waters in the operation of Pueblo Reservoir.

Despite the mandatory language of Article VIII. H which requires the "prompt" investigation of allegations of Compact violations and despite Kansas's repeated efforts to have these matters investigated, Colorado continues to refuse to cooperate in such an investigation.

In order to rationalize its refusal to investigate our allegations, Colorado maintains that the states should ignore numerous engineering studies that show postcompact wells and depleted stateline flows and maintains that the single and double-mass analyses prepared by the investigation committee show that the likely causes of declines in stateline flows are drought on the eastern plains of Colorado and changes in the soil conservation practices.

Accordingly, Colorado maintains that we should

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proceed to investigate only a couple of conceivable causes for just part of the declines in stateline flows. This approach, Colorado has urged, is the only engineeringly prudent, systematic and methodical approach to further Administrative investigation.

The State of Kansas believes, on the contrary, that Colorado's approach is indeed systematic and methodical, but only for the purpose of delaying meaningful investigations.

From an engineering point of view, Colorado's approach is a little like preparing a budget without a complete knowledge of the income and expenses. Colorado wants to leave the major expenses out of its accounting and says only that they might study these items at some unknown time in the future.

In this regard, we believe that Colorado is simply seeking delay and that its justification or alleged justification is totally lacking in engineering judgment.

With this in mind, we recently requested Steven

Larson and Stavros Papadonpulos, both nationally

recognized water hydrologists and river system

modelers, to evaluate Colorado's refusal to investigate

our allegations in a timely, productive way.

I have with me, and I am hereby submitting to

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you, Mr. Cooley, and to the Administration or Colorado's representative on the Administration, their report entitled, "REPORT TO THE ARKANSAS RIVER COMPACT ADMINISTRATION REGARDING THE ARTICLE VIII(H) INVESTIGATION OF ALLEGED VIOLATIONS OF THE ARKANSAS RIVER COMPACT." [Exhibit E]

The report analyzes numerous existing well depletion studies and the work of the investigation committee and concludes unequivocally that Colorado's approach cannot be justified hydrologically.

The report states, and I am quoting: "Clearly, those factors that are specified in Kansas's allegations, such as ground water development and reservoir operation, must be included to investigate properly the allegations. The various possible factors must be examined contemporaneously, regardless of preconceived notions as to the relative effects of any one factor, in order to draw meaningful conclusions regarding the alleged It is equally clear that an investigation violations. focusing exclusively on one factor, such as climatic conditions, and not considering other possible factors until the impact of the selected factor has been determined unequivocally, will not produce meaningful conclusions regarding the alleged violations. Given the complexity of water distribution and use in the

Arkansas River Valley, it is imperative that additional investigations consider all factors that may have affected historical streamflow patterns."

Those remarks are found in the conclusion section of the report of Larson and Papadoupulos.

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The fact of the matter, from Kansas's point of view, is that Colorado has refused and continues to refuse to investigate Kansas's allegations in any timely and meaningful way. We are certain, as are Mr. Larson and Mr. Papadopulos, that Colorado, the upstream water user, is simply seeking to delay the day of reckoning in regard to well depletions and in regard to the operation of Trinidad and Pueblo Reservoirs.

Anomalously, Colorado, for its own part, recognizes the problem. It has appropriated \$300,000 this past year for ground water and well depletion studies in the Arkansas River Basin, and its Natural Resources

Department and Department of Law are now estimating a need for supplemental funds in fiscal '85~'86 of \$552,720, and an additional \$431,000 for an initial appropriation in fiscal '86 and '87, not counting anticipated ongoing legal expenses.

While Colorado is actively investigating the problem at home now, it refuses to do so as part of

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the bilateral Administrative investigation under Article VIII. H.

Because the upstream state can always gain from delay, and because Kansas, the downstream state can only continue to suffer the loss of its apportionment under the Compact, Kansas is forced to seek effective relief in the U.S. Supreme Court. Kansas can no longer be persuaded by what we believe are sanctimonious assurances of good faith when Colorado refuses to get to the heart of the matter and continues to consume the wanted water.

Thank you.

THE CHAIRMAN: Thank you, Mr. Simms. I want to compliment you on your statement of the injury or damage to Kansas and express my own pleasure at the quality of your remarks on the subject.

Mr. McDonald.

MR. McDONALD: Frank, I would renew my motion that I made previously. Without reading the two memoranda that I provided to the Administration at length, with respect to the grounds for good cause to continue the investigation, I would ask that that memorandum of December 6th and the memorandum of December 9th be introduced into the record. I think those would be Exhibits Z and Z. Pointing out as I

that the investigation, in part, would be completed by the date of this meeting except upon a showing of good cause by the state requesting delay. I indicated to David when he and I met on November 19th that I thought there was indeed good cause to continue the investigation and that is the purpose of the motion. Let me rearticulate it.

I would move that the Administration direct the investigation committee to continue its investigation insofar as the violations alleged by Kansas are concerned and insofar as the violation of Article V.E(2) alleged by Colorado is concerned.

THE CHAIRMAN: There is a motion. Is there a second?

MR. GENOVA: I would second that, Mr. Chairman.

THE CHAIRMAN: The motion has been made and seconded. Is there any discussion on the motion?

MR. SIMMS: Let me make certain, Mr. Chairman, that I understand the motion. Is the motion that the Administration continue the investigation of the violations alleged by Kansas? Is that part of the motion?

MR. McDONALD: Yes. If you need it for reference, Richard, I am taking the language right out of the next

to the last "be it resolved" clause in the March 28th resolution.

MR. SIMMS: Mr. Chairman, all we can say in response to that is it is the substance of our own allegation that Colorado refuses to investigate. If Colorado wishes to change its position now and proceed to investigate the substance of those, I think we need more explanation precisely what they want to do. We have alleged that well depletions are causing substantial declines of stateline flows. That is an allegation. They refuse to investigate that at this time.

THE CHAIRMAN: As I understand, they wish to investigate it. Do you wish to proceed or freeze the situation as it exists?

MR. McDONALD: Richard, in response, again, I can only reiterate what I said on October 8th. There has been a clear difference between us as to the manner of how one should proceed. I have taken and I continue to take the position that I think the most efficient way to proceed with the investigation is as we have suggested, to address the observed declines and flows in usable stateline flows between 1974 and 1979, and that if the factors looked at prove not to explain that decline, then the investigation will have to continue perhaps to look at other possible explanations

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My difference, as you will know, Richard, has been that there is no data available to date, your assertions notwithstanding, that demonstrate one should leap to the heroic simplified assumption that wells necessarily are materially depleting the usable quantity availability for use of waters of the Arkansas River.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, let me say this before Mr.

Simms responds to Mr. McDonald's intended clarification.

I certainly propose that the Compact Administration work, and if it is to work, it is going to have to meet, and if it is going to meet, I think it should meet soon.

MR. McDONALD: Where it doesn't snow.

THE CHAIRMAN: Where it doesn't snow. Scottsdale, Arizona. And if necessary, the meeting could be in the form of a recessed meeting rather than a special meeting.

Clearly, it seems to me there are certain matters that are not going to be totally resolved at this meeting of the Compact Administration, even on the subject of investigations, but if all matters of investigation are meat on the table before the investigation committee, then I shall wield the gavel in such a way as to try to make that committee meet, work, and work towards the solution of problems on the Arkansas.

Mr. Pope and Mr. Simms, the ball really is in your court at this time.

MR. SIMMS: Mr. Chairman?

THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. Simms.

MR. SIMMS: It is Kansas's sincere belief that
the motion as articulated by Mr. McDonald flies in
the face of this negative vote on the motion that
was just treated by the Administration. In that motion,
we sought specifically to obtain the State of Colorado's
cooperation to proceed to investigate the substance of
our allegations. Colorado has declined to do so.
Colorado now has worded or articulated its motion
as if it would proceed in good faith to investigate
all of those matters when, in fact, it does not intend
to do so at all, but rather wishes to proceed very
narrowly in one area where it has selected the cause
or the likely cause of the declines in the stateline
flow.

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We have not attributed all of the declines to wells and are not saying that we need to investigate those solely. We are saying everything has to be investigated. Colorado refuses to do that. In that light, the State of Kansas is ready to vote on the motion.

THE CHAIRMAN: I scarcely think that Colorado's

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failure to adopt the motion proposed by Kansas is reasonable for not proceeding with anything that could be investigated by the investigating committee or opened up.

As to the question of what your interpretation was or what that committee might do, I regard that as, at least, in part, speculative and a sort of frustration of the process, the very process that this Compact Administration was formed to create.

MR. POPE: Mr. Chairman, I think it is clear in the record and in the comments just previously made by Mr. McDonald that the way in which they would to proceed with the investigation is quite different, I think, than what the motion would say on its face.

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THE CHAIRMAN: There may be a distinction.

MR. SIMMS: Mr. Chairman?

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. Mr. Simms.

MR. SIMMS: The motion as articulated proposes that we proceed along certain lines. I believe it proposes that we proceed along the lines of the resolution of October 8th. We are willing to proceed along those lines. Colorado is not willing to proceed along the substance and essentials of our allegations.

Again, we are ready to vote on the motion.

THE CHAIRMAN: Well, fair enough. We get to the

question of whether this issue deserves to be battled out one more time. The chair is persuaded that that process is important, is good, is useful, and in the long run, might well begin a process to resolve disputes and again, under further pressure, I do not want to assist in the freezing of the status quo antebellum, but I may have to.

MR. McDONALD: Nobody else is in agony, Frank. I mean--

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. That's fair enough, but this marks my tenth year on the Compact Administration, and the things at this moment are at a low point with the opportunity for progress.

Mr. Simms or Mr. Pope, is there any short statement of the function of an investigation committee that you could endorse at this time?

MR. POPE: I guess the only thing I could say is to restate what Mr. Simms said just a minute ago and we are willing to continue in light of the resolution adopted by the Administration on October 8th, but based on that explanation, as far as this particular motion goes, and based on the report by Mr. Larson, we can't vote in favor of the motion on the floor.

THE CHAIRMAN: It's the explanation and Mr. Larson that caused the injury and not the resolution itself?

The mischief lies in the clarification, is that right, Mr. Pope?

MR. POPE: I think we are awaiting a response.

THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. McDonald pointed out I am the only uncomfortable one in the room apparently. Mr. McDonald, will you restate your motion?

MR. McDONALD: Yes. I had moved that the Administration direct the investigation committee to continue to investigate insofar as violations alleged by Kansas are concerned and insofar as the violation of Article V. E(2) alleged by Colorado is concerned.

THE CHAIRMAN: Just asking, would it help at all if the date of the resolution and those matters were included in your resolution? When I say "would it help," what I am also implying is would it help to get it passed?

MR. McDONALD: I didn't follow the question.

THE CHAIRMAN: Would the reference to the language of the October meeting help strengthen that resolution so that it might be passed by both states?

MR. McDONALD: No. I think the October resolution stands.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. That motion has been made, restated and seconded.

I am going to call now for Kansas's vote on the

motion and with the emphasis on the motion and not the clarification of the motion.

MR. POPE: Mr. Chairman, we would have an additional question if you would like to have that prior to the vote on the motion.

THE CHAIRMAN: I would be delighted with an additional question.

MR. POPE: The question is basically to ask if

Colorado is willing to immediately begin a prompt and

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expeditious investigation of postcompact original well

development in the Arkansas River Basin in Colorado

as part of the Article VIII. H investigation.

THE CHAIRMAN: I foresee that as the principal subject of the committee meeting prior to the next meeting of the Compact Administration. That is the essence of the whole thing, and clearly, I am trying to push that question into the committee and off of the table before the Compact Administration, Mr. Pope.

MR. BENTRUP: I would like to hear Mr. McDonald 5075-Alright, THE CHAIRMAN: Mr. McDonald, Kansas would like to hear your comments on that subject.

MR. McDONALD: David, I guess I can only say what I said before. I regard the wells as being under investigation. The only difference between us has been and continues to be how one goes about that.

THE CHAIRMAN: The wells have been and are under Consideration.

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MR. POPE: -uh-

THE CHAIRMAN: Is this a matter upon which the committee can make any other progress?

MR. POPE: I think with the discussion, it is clear to us that there is no change in the position of Colorado regarding meaningful investigation. Along those lines, I would simply restate, reiterate what we have said a few minutes ago, that based on those by explanations, the report we presented of Mr. Larson, Mr. Simms's comments, that in response to your request for a call, that we vote no.

THE CHAIRMAN: Kansas votes "no."

MR. POPE: That's correct.

THE CHAIRMAN: Colorado?

MR. McDONALD: Votes aye.

THE CHAIRMAN: Colorado votes "aye." The motion dies.

Is there anything else under item 12?

It would appear not. Turn to the matter of the budget. Have we enough material and data to review the 1985-1986 expenditures?

MR. McDONALD: Frank, I think the key issues on 85-86, it seems to me, were not budgeted for court

reporters in the adopted budget, and as of the March 8th meeting, we decided, of course, to start using a court reporter. There are, to my knowledge, no other changes that we would need to make in the 85-86 budget.

THE CHAIRMAN: Has someone thought through clearly the gaging stations and the Telemarks and so forth in preparation? I don't demand that they be right, but has that been thoroughly analyzed in the handout?

MR. McDONALD: That issue is not pertinent to 85-86. What has been agreed to with GS has been agreed to. It is in the budget. The issue arises and will need to be addressed in the 86-87 budget.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay.

MR. McDONALD: We have got a cooperative agreement. We have radio stations in through federal fiscal year 1986.

MR. POPE: Which takes us until October 1st.

MR. McDONALD: Which ought to take us to October 1st, and we ought to talk to Russ about that because I think that is what we bargained for. I heard Russ say something to the contrary, but budgetwise, we are budgeted, as I understand it, Dave--

MR. POPE: Yes.

MR. McDONALD: --to have those radio stations.

MR. POPE: That was my understanding, Bill. We need to hear from Russ. There has been some miscommunication.

THE CHAIRMAN: Do you wish an adoption of the revised budget and assessment as handed out?

MR. McDONALD: I think we need to add an item for court reporters.

THE CHAIRMAN: What are they running a meeting?

MR. McDONALD: Gene, could you give me the list

of checks?

I will add up what the reporters have been in the past. If somebody wants to jot these down:

The March minutes which was a very lengthy meeting was \$1,400. The July minutes which were relatively brief, in round figures, \$400. And those two figures have been spent in this fiscal year, so we know we have got to add that much to the budget, and then apparently the court reporter for the October 8th meeting has not yet billed us yet, or have you now received that?

MR. BENTRUP: It was \$135.50. After the corrections were made, it would be then the cost of additional copies, but that again was fairly--

THE CHAIRMAN: All right. From \$2,500 to \$3,000 is going to be necessary.

2	clearly got \$1,400, plus \$400, plus, say, \$200, plus
3	today.
4	MR. POPE: Bill, excuse me. Since we are going
5	with July 1 through June 30, March 28, the large one,
6	\$1,400, was already paid previously.
7	MR. McDONALD: It was not paid until July 5th.
8	MR. POPE: Oh, it wasn't. Excuse me.
9	MR. McDONALD: Yes. We didn't get the final
10	transcript.
11	MR. POPE: I stand corrected. It occurred last
12	fiscal year, but we didn't get it paid until last
13	July.
14	MR. McDONALD: I would think we ought to have
15	\$3,000 for court reporters.
16	MR. POPE: Easy.
17	THE CHAIRMAN: The next question: Do we just
18	wipe out the contingency to accommodate that or take
19	it all out of the USGS or increase the assessments?
20	MR. McDONALD: None of the above.
21	A VOICE: We have plenty of money.
22	THE CHAIRMAN: We are not worried about real
23	money now. This is budgeted money. Different religion
24	You are in the wrong church.
25	MR. McDONALD: Could I suggest this change: What

MR. McDONALD: As I say, for this year, we have

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1	if we made item (a) salaries and services, and put
2	a new "4" under that for court reporter and have
3	that line item in the amount of \$3,000 for 85-86?
4	THE CHAIRMAN: All right. Bringing the 9 up to
5	12, I guess. Yes. Sure.
6	MR. McDONALD: Yes. You got to change a lot of
7	totals.
8	MR. POPE: Bill, excuse me. Did you say that
9	MR. McDONALD: Turn the heading for (a) into
10	salaries and services
11	MR. POPE: Um hum.
12	MR. McDONALD:put an item "4" under "(a)" and
13	have court reporters
14	MR. POPE: Okay.
15	MR. McDONALD:and budget it at \$3,000.
16	MR. POPE: I don't really have any problem with
17	that, but is it not more nearly an operating expense?
18	MR. McDONALD: It makes no difference to me.
19	MR. POPE: It really doesn't to me either.
20	MR. McDONALD: Six of one and half a dozen of
21	the other.
22	MR. POPE: If you want to go up there, that's
23	fine, too.
24	THE CHAIRMAN: I hope you are not getting all
25	of this, Mr. Reporter.

1	MR. POPE: \$3,000 under salaries and services.
2	MR. McDONALD: Yes.
3	MR. POPE: That would be "4."
4	MR. McDONALD: Why don't we check USGS while we
5	have Russ here. We have got 12,400 budgeted our
6	85-86, and I think that 12,400, Russ, should have
7	been for your federal fiscal year '85, last year.
8	MR. LIVINGSTON: It is not '86?
9	MR. McDONALD: No. We are always behind you. We
10	pay you at the tail end of your fiscal year which is
11	the first quarter of our fiscal year.
12	MR. LIVINGSTON: That's a correct figure. It is
13	correct.
14	MR. McDONALD: Let me check Leo's checks and see
15	if that's Yes. That's right. I think we are
16	overbudgeted, so that should not be a problem.
17	David, are you aware of any other changes?
18	MR. POPE: No. Did we get that clarified on the
19	GS?
20	MR. McDONALD: GS should be okay. I checked
21	Leo's list of checks and we have paid \$10,000 in our
22	fiscal year.
23	MR. POPE: Okay.
24	MR. McDONALD: So we are obviously within budget.
25	MR. POPE: Okay.

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MR. LIVINGSTON: 12.4 would be the proper figure
for our fiscal year '85. You are right. 12.4.
MR. McDONALD: In the year '85?

'85.

MR. McDONALD: Let me ask you a question, then,
Russ. Why have we only paid 10,000 according to Leo's Checks?

That's correct.

MR. LIVINGSTON: I really don't know because I am not aware of the billing procedure as such. They have had a change and they bill on a different procedure than they had in the past. I would suspect that the Compact received a bill in August--

MR. McDONALD: All right.

MR. LIVINGSTON:

MR. LIVINGSTON: --about that time, and that would have been for that fiscal year '85.

Were there two bills that were paid?

MR. McDONALD: Two bills: One to Kansas and one to Colorado.

MR. LIVINGSTON: It should have been in the amount of 8520 to Colorado and 3880 to Kansas.

MR. McDONALD: It was 3880 to Kansas, but it was 6225 to Colorado.

THE CHAIRMAN: No wonder you didn't get the Christmas bonus.

MR. LIVINGSTON: I would say that we sent the

-114-



THE CHAIRMAN: Colorado votes "aye." I guess

that is a concurrence.

%-%7
The fiscal year 87-88. Mr. Jencsok.

MR. McDONALD: Frank, may 1?

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes, Mr. McDonald. Please.

MR. McDONALD: I think there are two budget item changes to look at again. We need to add a court reporter--

THE CHAIRMAN: Right

MR. McDONALD: --and I think the most recent annual report proved to be a \$4,600 printing job, so I think we had better up the annual report--

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THE CHAIRMAN: Up to 5,000?

MR. McDONALD: --to 5,000 because that annual report will still have minutes in it. That is what has made it expensive, we started putting minutes in.

Now, with the transcripts, I assume we will take them back out, but that annual report, given our lag time, the printing of that annual report that will be absent minutes isn't going to occur until-- It's the '85 annual report. We will have that at the '86 annual meeting, probably, a year later. Yes. It will be printed in the spring of '86, so that will be the 86-87 budget.

Why don't we put it up to 5,000.

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.

MR. McDONALD: We can underbudget.

MR. POPE: Fine.

MR. McDONALD: Should we add an "(a)4." for court reporter at 3,000 again?

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. And the 3,000 becomes an "8" on taking it out of the assessments.

MR. McDONALD: We have a third question. We have got to iron out the GS ∞ -op agreement. It is now in issue in 86-87.

THE CHAIRMAN: How much are we going to cut them?

MR. LIVINGSTON: On 86-87, the two proposals

that you got total 10,185. Now, that's without the radio relays continued in Colorado. We have to up that another \$1,000 to 11,185 to include those radio relays.

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THE CHAIRMAN: Which relays?

MR. LIVINGSTON: These are the ones in Colorado. We talked to Howard and he indicated that it wasn't desirable or necessary to continue the Telemarks so there wouldn't be any charges for those, but there would be a need on his behalf to continue the radios, relays.

This would be a revised letter of October 31st.

If you look at the second page, the table on that, you will see the change there. The change would be the

\$2,000 for the continuation of the radio relay stations.

Your half of that would be \$1,000 and that would end

up with a total of 11,185.

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MR. McDONALD: Let me ask this question then.

I understand that we have the DCP's up and running,

calibrated and everything is hunky-dory on the Frontier

Ditch and the stateline?

MR. LIVINGSTON: Right.

MR. McDONALD: So from my perspective, I see no need to leave the radios in as an Administration's expense. If you guys want radios, that's fine, but it doesn't seem to me it's needed by the Administration. We are running off the DCP's and we have been, for months. That's what I understand.

MR. POPE: I am not sure I would concur with that. I think the original understanding as we referred to it just a few minutes ago was to continue the radio relays on those particular stations through this fiscal year which would be September 30th of '86.

MR. McDONALD: You are right, David.

MR. POPE: And I agree with you. Beyond that, I think it is premature--

MR. McDONALD: You are right.

MR. POPE: -- to say we need those after that.

I would like to keep that as an ace in the hole in the event that we go through next water year and we find there is a problem, why, we can always readjust sometime prior to September 30th.

MR. McDONALD: You are right, David. I stand corrected.

MR. POPE: So I understand your point on that.

MR. McDONALD: What you are saying, Russ, if the radios were to stay through September of '86, we need to take your corrected figure.

MR. LIVINGSTON: Correct.

MR. McDONALD: And that adds up to--

MR. LIVINGSTON: It adds up to a total for both Kansas and Colorado of --11,185 would be your share.

THE CHAIRMAN: You got \$12,500 down.

MR. POPE: We are within the budget anyway even with that.

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. That ceases to be a problem, doesn't it, Mr. McDonald?

MR. McDONALD: Yes, if that's the case.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. Let's finesse that one.

Now, then, there is another question. Do we want to

raid the treasury for budget purposes of 8,750 bucks?

And I point out to Mr. Bentrup again that you have to

keep in mind the difference between real dollars and budget dollars. I doubt that if we operated within the budget that the drain on the savings would be that great, but nevertheless, it is a pretty substantial pull-down to something that has been a lot of years in the accumulation.

MR. POPE: What is essentially the balance? I don't remember the figure.

MR. BENTRUP: On the savings account, 40,000 in C.D.'s.

MR. McDONALD: You mean we got \$40,000 in C.D.'s, and 7 or 8,000 in the checking account?

MR. BENTRUP: That's real.

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes. That's real money. Okay.

MR. McDONALD: Frank, the other problem, David and I have budgets that have already gone forward for 86-87. We cannot change that.

THE CHAIRMAN: All right. Then clearly that figure goes in the last line, which, Mr. McDonald, I think those \$8,750 are American money.

MR. McDONALD: That's correct.

THE CHAIRMAN: Okay. Is there a proposal that--Russ, we are fine now.

MR. LIVINGSTON: I think there is a question. Just a second.

MR. McDONALD: Were you calling on Russ? THE CHAIRMAN: No. MR. McDONALD: Dave, I am sorry. I got sidetracked. 3 My staff was pointing out in 86-87, if we take the Telemarks out, which the budget says we will do, will 5 not the telephone expense under "office" drop? That's 6 where the telephone expenditures for the Telemarks are. 7 MR. POPE: Correct. 8 MR. McDONALD: Okay. My problem is I have no 9 idea by how much that will drop and I don't know if any 10 11 of us know. Do you have any idea, Russ? 12 A VOICE: You are probably looking at probably 13 30 bucks a month, be roughly. 14 MR. LIVINGSTON: Per side? 15 A VOICE: Yes. That would be off the wall because 16 that is all we have had on some we pay for. Normally, 17 we don't pay for any of them. 18 MR. POPE: How many sides are there? 19 A VOICE: Three. 20 Three. MR. POPE: 21 That is 1,000 bucks. THE CHAIRMAN: 22 MR. McDONALD: Why don't we take that one down 23 24 MR. LIVINGSTON: Yes. 25

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MR. McDONALD: That would change the funding from surplus to $\frac{1}{7}$,750.

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THE CHAIRMAN: Which is more manageable.

MR. POPE: If it is appropriate, then, Mr.

Chairman, I would move the previsions to the previously adopted budget for the fiscal year July 1, 1986, to

June 30, 1987, adding \$3,000 for the (a)4 item, court reporter, changing the annual report to \$5,000.

THE CHAIRMAN: (c) 2.

MR. POPE: (c)2. And amending downward the item (c)3 from (a), from 3,000 to 2,000, and taking the expenditure out of the surplus funds up to the total of \$7,750.

THE CHAIRMAN: You heard the motion. Is there a second?

MR. McDONALD: I will second that.

THE CHAIRMAN: Is Colorado ready to vote?

MR. McDONALD: Colorado votes aye.

THE CHAIRMAN: Colorado votes "aye." Kansas?

MR. POPE: Yes.

THE CHAIRMAN: Kansas votes "aye." It is done.

Is that the whole agenda? Is there anything else which must come before this annual meeting of the Compact?

MR. McDONALD: Frank? Pardon me.

-122-

THE CHAIRMAN: Yes.

MR. McDONALD: If we think we are not going to have another Administration meeting before, what, July, in terms of our budget cycles, do we need to do an 87-88 budget? To tell you the truth, I would be glad to defer it. I assume we are either going to have a meeting or get together on a conference call.

MR. POPE: That is fine with me if we can agree we can at least have a telephone meeting. We do need it some time in the time frame.

MR. McDONALD: In Leo's absence, we don't even have a prepared budget. All I had was a bunch of blanks. We have to sit here and fill the numbers in. I will take it upon ourselves in Leo's absence that we propose the budget and get it out after Christmas.

THE CHAIRMAN: Let the record be clear that the chairman thinks that there should be a meeting at either Garden City or Lamar not later than the month of March for items of substance.

On that happy note, unless there is something someone in the audience must bring up, the meeting is adjourned.

(The hearing in the above-entitled matter was concluded at 5:30 p.m., December 10, 1985.)

1	STATE OF COLORADO)
2) ss. <u>C E R T I F I C A T E</u> COUNTY OF PUEBLO)
3	I, Donald F. Peterlin, certified shorthand reporter
4	in and for the State of Colorado, do hereby certify:
5	That the foregoing proceedings were taken by me
6	in shorthand and thereafter reduced to typewriting
7	by me, and the foregoing 123 pages contain a full,
8	true and correct transcription of all the proceedings
9	had.
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11	Donald F. Peterlin
12	Certified Shorthand Reporter Suite 612
13	Thatcher Building Pueblo, Colorado 81003
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Exhibits

- A. Tentative Agenda
- B. Recording Secretary's Report
- C. Treasurer's Report
- D. Auditor's Report and October 4, 1985, letter
- E. Report to the Arkansas River Compact Administration Regarding the Article VIII H Investigations of Alleged Violations of the Arkansas River Compact; December, 1985, S.S. Papadopulos & Associates
- F. Memo to: Chairman and Members Arkansas River Compact Administration, December 6, 1985, J.W. McDonald
- G. Memo to: Chairman and Members Arkansas River Compact
 Administration, December 9, 1985, J.W. McDonald
- H. Attendance List

EXHIBIT A

ANNUAL MEETING ARKANSAS RIVER COMPACT ADMINISTRATION December 10, 1985

Tentative Agenda

- 1. Call to Order and Introductions
- 2. Approval of Agenda
- 3. Approval of Minutes
 - a) May 10, 1984 (Special)
 - b) December 10, 1984 (Annual Meeting)
 - c) October 8, 1985 (Annual Meeting)
- 4. Approval of 1984 Annual Report
- 5. Report of Officers
 - a) Chairman
 - b) Recording Secretary
 - c) Treasurer
 - d) Operations Secretary
- 6. Auditor's Report for FY 84-85
- 7. Committee Reports
 - a) Administrative and Legal
 - b) Engineering
 - c) Operations
- 8. Election of Officers for Compact Year 1986
 - a) Vice Chairman
 - b) Recording Secretary
 - c) Operations Secretary
 - d) Treasurer
- 9. Appointment of Committee Members for Compact Year 1986
 - a) Administrative and Legal
 - b) Engineering
 - c) Operations
- 10. Reports of Federal Agencies
 - a) Corps of Engineers
 - b) Bureau of Reclamation
 - c) Geological Survey

- Report of Investigation Committee 11.
- Administration Action on Investigation 12.
- 13. Budget Matters

 - a) Review of FY 85-86 expendituresb) Prepare and adopt FY 87-88 budget
- Adjournment 14.

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ARKANSAS RIVER COMPACT ADMINISTRATION

1001 S. Main Street LAMAR, COLORADO 81052

KANSAS
DAVID L. POPE, Topeka
CARL E. BENTRUP, Deerfield
Vice Chairman
RON OLOMON, Garden City

FRANK G. COOLEY Chairman and Federal Representative P.O. Box 98 Meeker, Cotorado 81641 COLORADO

J. WILLIAM McDONALD, Denver
CARL GENOVA, Pueblo
LEO IDLER, Lamar
Treasurer

SECRETARY'S REPORT FOR DEC. 10, 1985

This year water was so high that it invaded the flood control part of John Martin Reservoir and had to be released through the flood control gates to protect the dam. There was approximately 100,000 acre feet released to the river below the dam causing some damage to low lying land along the river banks. The irrigation dichs in district 67 used some of this water with the major portion crossing the state line into Kansas. The ditchs in Kansas used some of this water. The rest of it went into the underground adulfer in Kansas.

On November 1, 1985, there were approximately 280,000 acre feet of water in the reservoir. With this amount of carry over water it will proably spill next year.

Both Colorado and Kansas ditchs experienced a very good supply of water in 1985. Our Account system seems to be working very well as shown by the ability of Kansas to store 130,081.70 acre feet of water they could have used if they so desired. This amount lacks only 10,000 acre feet of being half of the water that was stored in the reservoir as of November 1, 1985. Kansas carried over 34,296 acre feet of water from 1984 to 1985.

I think we should try to get our account system adjudicated through the United States Congress as was done to put the permanent pool in the reservoir.

I have an uneasy feeling that in the fight brewing between Kansas and Colorado that our account system may be put in jeopardy.

DEGETVEN DEC 4:585

Respectfully submitted

ARKANSAS RIVER COMPACT ADMINISTRATION

1001 S. Main Street LAMAR, COLORADO 81052

KANSAS

DAVID L. POPE, Topeka CARL E. BENTRUP, Deerfield Vice Chairman RON OLOMON, Garden City COLORADO

FRANK G. COOLEY
Chairman and Federal Representative
P.O. Box 98
Meeker, Colorado 81641

J. WILLIAM McDONALD, Derver CARL GENOVA, Pueblo LEO IDLER, Lamar Treasurer DIVISION ENGINEE.

DEC

4 1985

CHECKS WRITTEN SINCE JULY 1, 1985

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FIRST NATIONAL " 'NK in LAMAR

P.O. Box 988 - Lamai, Colorado 81052



STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT FOR.

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK in LAMAR

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P.O. Box 988 - Lamar, Colorado 81052

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ARKANSAS RIVER COMPACT ADMINISTRATION % LEG IDLER RT 2 LAMAR, COLORADO

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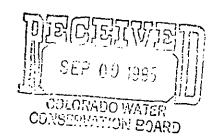
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ARKANSAS RIVER COMPACT ADMINISTRATION CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 1985

with

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

crimond, farmer & company

certified public accountants

203 east oak, p.o. box 1173, lamar, co. 81052

REPORT TO

THE ARKANSAS RIVER COMPACT ADMINISTRATION
REGARDING THE ARTICLE VIII(H) INVESTIGATION

OF ALLEGED VIOLATIONS

OF THE ARKANSAS RIVER COMPACT



S. S. PAPADOPULOS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

STATE OF COLORADO

COLORADO WATER CONSERVATION BOARD Department of Natural Resources

721 State Centennial Building 1313 Sherman Street Denver, Colorado 80203 Phone: (303) 866-3441



Richard D.Lamm Governor

J. William McDonald Director

David W. Walker Deputy Director

MEMORANDUM

TO: Chairman and Members of the

Arkansas River Compact Administration

FROM: J. William McDonald ////

DATE: December 6, 1985

RE: Article VIII.H. Investigation

At a special meeting of the Arkansas River Compact Administration held on March 28, 1985, in Garden City, Kansas, the Administration adopted a resolution to investigate allegations of violations of provisions of the Compact. The resolution established a committee consisting of me, in my capacity as the director of the Colorado Water Conservation Board, or my designee, and the chief engineer of Kansas or his designee to conduct the investigation. The resolution further provided that the investigation would in no event go beyond the date of the 1985 regular annual meeting of the Administration insofar as the violations alleged by Kansas were concerned and insofar as the violation of Article V.E(2) alleged by Colorado was concerned, except upon a showing of good cause by the state requesting delay.

Pursuant to the March 28, 1985 resolution, I am hereby requesting the Administration to authorize an extension of the investigation and asking the Administration to act on this request at the regular annual meeting on Tuesday, December 10th. As good cause therefor, I present the following information to the Administration:

1. In accordance with the March 28, 1985 resolution, Mr. Pope and I, and the state agencies and officials whose cooperation was requested in the March 28, 1985 resolution,

EXHIBIT G

COLORADO WATER CONSERVATION BOARD Department of Natural Resources

721 State Centennial Building 1313 Sherman Street Denver, Colorado 80203 Phone: (303) 866-3441



Richard D.Lamm 1. William McDonald Director David W. Walker Deputy Oirector

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Chairman and Members of the

Arkansas River Compact Adminiŝtration

FROM:

J. William McDonald

DATE:

December 9, 1985

RE:

Attorney General Stephan's Announcement

On October 25, 1985, Attorney General Robert T. Stephan of Kansas announced that he had authorized the filing of a lawsuit in the United States Supreme Court against Colorado for alleged violations of the Arkansas River Compact. I was surprised and disappointed by Attorney General Stephan's announcement, which was inconsistent with the resolution proposed by the Kansas representatives and adopted by the Administration at its October 8th meeting. That resolution directed the investigation committee to continue with its investigation of those matters upon which the committee had mutually agreed that further investigation should be undertaken. I would also note that Attorney General Stephan's announcement that he will file the lawsuit on December 16th is timed to ignore the questions raised by the Colorado representatives of Compact violations in Kansas, which the investigation committee has barely begun to investigate.

In his announcement Attorney General Stephan stated that "[a]fter three years of attempting to negotiate, arbitrate, or investigate without success our concerns with Colorado, it has become evident that effective relief is not available through the Compact Administration." I want to register my disagreement with this statement. Ever since Attorney General Stephan sought to become personally involved in Compact matters in the summer of 1982, Colorado has asked him to produce the underlying factual basis to support his allegations that provisions of the Compact were being violated by Colorado. For example, in a letter to Colorado Attorney General J.D. MacFarlane dated October 12, 1982,

Annual Meeting Arkansas River Compact Administration December 10, 1985 Pueblo Colorado

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Annual Meeting Arkansas River Compact Administration December 10, 1985 Pueblo Colorado Genejencsok Glorado WCB Denver Daver Howard Holac Fairfield + Woods Soucherstern CWCD Bob Roungh Alb. Dist-Pueblo Corps of Engineeric Leland E. Rolfs Dio Water Rea, KSBA Togeka, Ka Oalt Book Water Engineers Spronk DENVER Shall Sind Dir Water Roson KSBH Gardan (Ilg

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Ulm. KEID GOOD BLORADO REALTOR DENUER Co. Charles I Thomson SECWCD Tueblo, Co.

> US Bureau of Reclamation Hueblo,00

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Denvar Colo

-Call Bentrup ARCA

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- David Lord

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